COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL
FINANCIAL REPORT
OF THE
CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2010

Prepared by the Office of the City Administrator Duane Feekes, City Administrator

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* * * *



December 13, 2010

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Orange City:

State law requires the every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

Management assumes responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

William's & Company, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified opinion on the City of Orange City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2010. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City of Orange City incorporated in 1884, is located in the Northwest corner of the State of Iowa, and is the county seat of Sioux County. The City of Orange City is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statue to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which it has done from time to time.

The City of Orange City operates under the council-administrator form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council (Council) consisting of the mayor and five Council members. The Council appoints the government's administrator, who in turn appoints the heads of the various departments with council approval. Council members

"A GOVERNMENT OF SERVICE"

serve four-year terms. The mayor is elected for a two-year term. The council members are elected on a staggered basis.

The City Administrator has operating responsibilities for all City functions excluding the Library, Hospital, and Golf Association.

The City of Orange City provides a full range of Municipal services which includes police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets, and other infrastructure; recreational and cultural activities; general administration and medical care facilities. The City of Orange City also owns and operates the electric, water, sewer, and gas utilities. The City of Orange City also is financially accountable for a legally separate hospital board, and golf course board of which is reported separately within the City of Orange City's financial statements. Additional information on the municipal hospital and golf course can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than March 15th. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Orange City's financial planning and control. Iowa budget law requires the adoption of legal budgets for expenditures on a program basis. Although the budget document presents program expenditures by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated program level not at the fund level.

Local Economy

Orange City is located in Sioux County in the northwest portion of Iowa, which is noted for its excellent cropland and livestock production numbers. Industry plays a big part in Orange City's economic condition with the biggest three employers being Staples, Inc., an advertising product manufacturer and promotional products, Advance Brands, Inc., a ready-to-cook food producer, and Diamond Vogel Paint and Wax, a full line paint manufacturer.

The City's economic outlook continues to be positive, with industry and commercial business showing continued growth in product lines and employment.

Fiscal year 2009-2010 was another great year for the community of Orange City. Many exciting trends and projects are taking place that continue to improve the quality of life for its citizens.

The City completed a downtown streetscape project for this fiscal year. It was made up of five blocks of our downtown streets. We removed the asphalt and replaced with concrete. We also included in the project new street light poles and fixtures, new Christmas decorations, a new sound system, and flower pots attached to the street light poles. This project cost \$ 1.7 million dollars.

The city experienced a huge disaster on June 28, 2008. A fire broke out in our downtown district. It destroyed a quarter of a city square block. It destroyed a Hallmark Gift shop, and a clothing store. We have went out for bid and are constructing the two story building, we will be having retail space on the main level and five residential condo units on the upper level, with parking in the basement. The cost of this project is approximately \$ 2.8 million dollars.

The City of Orange City plays an important part in the community growth, which will continue with active participation in the planning process of our community.

Long-Term financial planning

Management of the City of Orange City is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met.

Unreserved, undesignated fund balance in the general fund falls within the policy guidelines set by the Council for budgetary and planning purposes (i.e., between 44 and 50 percent of total general fund revenues). Following its recent review of the City of Orange City's strategic plan, the Council plans on keeping the percentage the same for the following year, this will reduce the amount that will be needed to borrow to finance future construction.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Orange City for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) the year ended June 30, 2009. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local governmental financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Orange City has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 27 consecutive years.

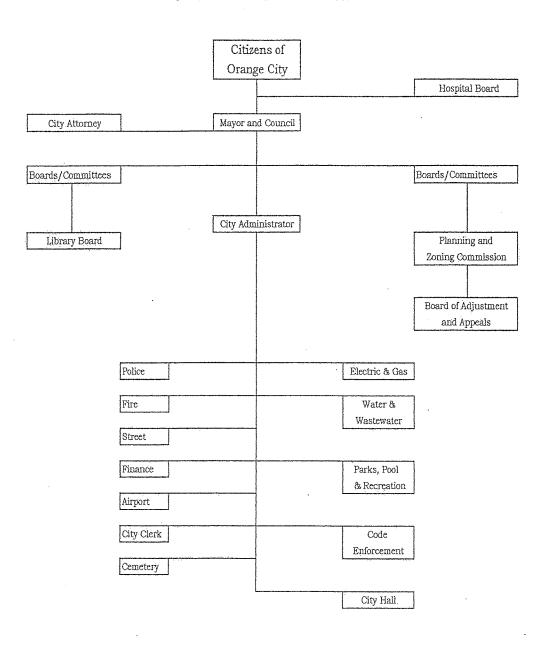
The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire office staff. We wish to express our appreciation also to all our City employees for their dedication to making city services the best. Credit also must be given to the Honorable Mayor and City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Orange City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Duane Feekes City Administrator Kent Anderson Finance Officer

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA

Directory of City Officials Elected City Officers June 30, 2010

MAYOR

Les Douma

COUNCIL MEMBERS

Rod De Boer Steve Roesner Mick Snieder Bruce Muilenburg Earl Woudstra

HOSPITAL TRUSTEES

Tim Zeutenhorst - Chairman Randy Jacobsma - Vice Chairman Russ Adams - Secretary Shirley Van Wechel Brenda Richardson Gary Vande Vegte

APPOINTED CITY OFFICERS

Duane Feekes City Administrator

Loren Veldhuizen City Attorney

APPOINTED BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS

Gary Cleveringa, Chairman John Kooiman, Vice Chairman Jason Bomgaars Arlin Smit Ben Van Engelenhoven

PLANNING AND ZONING COMMISSION

Mark Lundberg, Chairman Dale Pluim, Vice Chairman Rhonda Moret Scott Heemstra Amy Schutt Scott Simmelink Marlin Vollink

ARTS COUNCIL

Greg Haverdink, President
Bob Hubbard, Vice President
Mike Stokes, Treasurer
Rebecca Donahue
Lois Estell
Julia Huisman
Cheryl Kugler
Judy Thompson

Shelia Van Den Brink

Janine Calsbeek, Executive Director

LIBRARY BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Bruce Lefever, President
Mabel Mantel, Vice President
John Buntsma, Treasurer
Dan Pluim, Secretary
Joan Brower
Elizabeth Kensak
Colmann McAllister

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Steve Brouwer Jason Bruinsma Rob Bruxvoort Arnie Carlson Ryan Dau Kevin Dekker Brian De Kock Jon DeKoster Brad De Vos Mike Dorr Steve Distler David Dykstra Josh Dykstra Michael Dykstra Mel Elsberry Jordan Gammon Chad Hase Tim Huffman Al Jeltema Ann Lundberg Taylor Malm Josh Meis Nate Mosterd Mike Ritz Dan Roghair Dan Schram Bruce Schutt

Dennis Vander Wel, Chief

Brent Van Leeuwen

CITY PERSONNEL

ADMINISTRATION

Kent Anderson

Gary Blythe

Janet Brown

Duane Feekes

Ted Loucks

Ken Meendering

Barb Ramsey

Mary Wichers

POLICE DEPARTMENT

Dann De Vries

Peter De Beer

Duane Hulstein

Bruce Jacobsma

Jim Pottebaum

Wesley Van Voorst

Robert Van Zee

STREET DEPARTMENT

Luke Horkey

Don Snieder

Randy Van De Griend

PARKS AND RECREATION

Mitch Aalbers

Brian Goslinga

Rochelle Sapp

MUNICIPAL BUILDINGS

Bill Van Marel, Jr.

UTILITIES

Gerry Bomgaars

Alan De Boer

Alan De Jong

Ed De Jong

Michael Klootwyk

Kirk Maasdam

Jerry Reuvers

David Sassman

Arlan Scholten

Michael Verdoorn

AIRPORT

Dan Vander Weide

HOSPITAL

Martin W. Guthmiller

Dina Baas

LIBRARY

Karla Chase

Finance Officer Assistant Administrator City Clerk

City Administrator Public Works Director

> Code Officer Billing Clerk

Receptionist/Secretary

Chief of Police

Police Officer Police Officer

Police Officer

Police Officer

Police Officer

Police Officer

Street Crewman

Street Crewman/Mechanic

Street Foreman

Director

Park Maintenance Pool/Fitness Director

Custodian

Gas Utility Foreman

Electric Line Maintenance Worker I

Electric Line Maintenance Worker I

Gas Utility Crewman

Electric Line Maintenance Worker II

Water & Wastewater Operator

Water & Wastewater Operator Water & Wastewater Foreman

Electric Department Foreman

Electric Line Maintenance Worker I

Base Operator

Administrator

Chief Financial Officer

Administrator

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Orange City Iowa

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

CAPASATON

CHARACTER

CHARACTER

CHARACTER

EXECUTIVE Director

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Orange City, Iowa for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report whose contents conform to program standards. Such comprehensive annual financial report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.



21 1st Avenue NW P.O. Box 1010 Le Mars, IA 51031 Phone (712) 546-7801 Fax (712) 546-6543

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Members of the City Council City of Orange City, Iowa

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Orange City Municipal Hospital, (a discretely presented component unit), which statements reflect total assets of \$53,999,479 and total program revenues of \$34,768,498 for the year then ended. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Orange City Municipal Hospital, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Except as discussed below, we conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the U.S. Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit, and the report of the other auditors, provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

We were engaged to audit the financial statements of Orange City Municipal Golf Association, a discretely presented component unit of the City. No opinion was issued on those financial statements due to the inability to satisfy the auditor of the completeness of revenue reported by the Association.

In our opinion and the report of other auditors, except for the effect of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the Association been audited, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows,

where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and schedule of funding progress on pages 12 through 24 and 65 through 68 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2010, on our consideration of the City of Orange City, Iowa's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying Introductory Section and Statistical Section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Orange City, Iowa. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

The accompanying combining non-major fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Williams & Language P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Le Mars, Iowa December 13, 2010

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2010

This discussion and analysis of the City of Orange City financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. We encourage the readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information furnished in our letter of transmittal on page 1 and the City's financial statements that follow this report, as well as the separately issued financial statements of Orange City's Hospital and Orange City Municipal Golf Association, discretely presented component units of the City.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Orange City exceeded liabilities at June 30, 2010 by \$29,815,764. Of this amount, \$5,641,807 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's net assets increased by \$1,031,324 during the year. Of this amount, the governmental activities decreased by \$138,037 and the net assets of our business activities increased by \$1,169,361, this includes a prior period adjustment of \$591,659.
- The City's long-term debt increased \$480,000 during the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In addition to the Management Discussion and Analysis, this annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government. An additional part of the basic financial statements are the Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by the private sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is very similar to the method of accounting used by the private-sector companies. These two statements report the City's net assets, which is the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Additional factors, such as changes in the City's property tax base and condition of the City's infrastructure, are also important in making this determination.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, we have divided the City into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, such as Police, Fire, Public Works, and Parks departments, and general administration. Property Taxes finances most of these activities.
- Business Type Activities The City charges fees to customers to cover the cost
 of these services. Included here are the City Electric, Water, Sewer, and Natural
 Gas funds.

REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds- not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law or by bond requirements. The City Council also established funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as construction projects) and to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Sales Tax Revenues). The City has the following types of funds:

- Governmental Funds Most of the City's basic services are included in Governmental Funds, which focus on how money moves into and out of these funds and the balances left at year-end are available for spending. These funds are reported using the "modified accrual basis" of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The Governmental Fund Statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general governmental operations and basic services it provides. Governmental Fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance City programs. We describe the relationship between Governmental Activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and Governmental Funds in a reconciliation following each Governmental Fund financial statement.
- Proprietary Funds When the City charges customers for the service it provides, these services are generally reported in Proprietary Funds. Proprietary Funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. The major difference between the Proprietary Funds report and the Business Type Activities we report in the government- wide statements is the detail and additional information, such as cash flows, provided in the Proprietary Funds report.

THE CITY AS TRUSTEE

Reporting the City's Fiduciary Responsibilities

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City government. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets. We exclude these activities from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found behind the Fiduciary Funds statements.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

As stated earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The largest part of the City's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (land, buildings and improvements, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must

be provided from the other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following comparative chart shows the changes in net assets for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

	General Gov	/ernmental			
	Activi	ties	Business-Ty	pe Activities	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 5,079,897	\$ 4,788,257	\$ 9,842,424	\$ 8,911,061	
Capital Assets	16,303,481	15,695,100	17,276,648	17,534,620	
Total Assets	21,383,378	20,483,357	27,119,072	26,445,681	
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding Other Liabilities	7,925,160 3,779,015	8,602,153 2,063,964	5,622,828 1,359,683	6,633,778 844,703	
Total Liabilities	11,704,175	10,666,117	6,982,511	7,478,481	
Net Assets:					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	10,393,481	10,910,100	11,196,648	10,959,620	
Restricted	1,469,772	1,101,603	1,106,148	1,103,948	
Unrestricted	(2,184,050)	(2,194,463)	7,833,765	6,903,632	
Total Net Assets	\$9,679,203	\$ 9,817,240	\$20,136,561	\$18,967,200	

	Totals				
·	2010	2009			
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets Total Assets	\$14,922,321 33,580,129 48,502,450	\$13,699,318 33,229,720 46,929,038			
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding Other Liabilities Total Liabilities	13,547,988 5,138,698 18,686,686	15,235,931 2,908,667 18,144,598			
Net Assets: Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Assets	21,590,129 2,575,920 5,649,715 \$29,815,764	21,869,720 2,205,551 4,709,169 \$28,784,440			

This summary reflects a decrease of 1.41% for the governmental net assets and an increase of 6.17% in the business-type net assets. The business-type net asset increase is due to a prior period adjustment regarding Orange City Communications. See note 17 regarding explanation of adjustment.

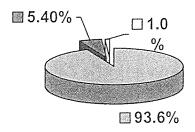
Total revenue reported in Fiscal 2010 was \$16,820,246. The following table breaks down revenues collected for General Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities for Fiscal Year 2010 and 2009:

	General Go	vernmental			
	Activ	vities .	Business-Ty	ре	Activities
Revenue Source	2010	2009	2010		2009
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$ 518,173	\$ 488,586	\$ 11,696,027	\$	12,075,539
Operating Grants and Contributions	711,108	1,129,518	-		_
Capital Grants and Contributions	115,830	361,549	-		_
Total Program Revenues	 1,345,111	1,979,653	11,696,027		12,075,539
General Revenues & Interfund Transfers:					·
Property Taxes	2,715,434	2,671,193	~		-
Local Option Sales Tax	596,463	642,603	-		-
Interest	7,586	28,217	15,464		63,023
Gain on Sales of Assets	189,700	3,000	-		-
Miscellaneous	149,288	189,587	105,173		49,080
Total General Revenues	 3,658,471	3,534,600	 120,637		112,103
Interfund Transfers	 281,967	319,120	 (281,967)		(319,120)
Total General Revenues &					
Interfund Transfers:	 3,940,438	3,853,720	 (161,330)		(207,017)
Total Revenues & Interfund Transfers:	\$ 5,285,549	\$ 5,833,373	\$ 11,534,697	\$	11,868,522

4-1-4-1		
	Tot	als
Revenue Source	2010	2009
Program Revenues: Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions Total Program Revenues	\$ 12,214,200 711,108 115,830 13,041,138	\$ 12,564,125 1,129,518 361,549 14,055,192
General Revenues & Interfund Transfers:		
Property Taxes Local Option Sales Tax Interest Gain (Loss) on Sales of Assets Miscellaneous Total General Revenues Interfund Transfers	2,715,434 596,463 23,050 189,700 254,461 3,779,108	2,671,193 642,603 91,240 3,000 238,667 3,646,703
Total General Revenues & Interfund Transfers:	3,779,108	3,646,703
Total Revenues & Interfund Transfers:	\$ 16,820,246	\$ 17,701,895

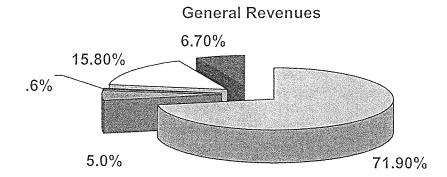
Program revenues totaled \$13,041,138 for fiscal year 2010. Governmental Activities provided \$1,345,111 and Business-Type Activities provided \$11,696,027. Revenue collected for Charges for Services during fiscal year 2010 was \$12,214,200, accounting for 93.6% of the total program revenues. The following chart breaks down program revenues by source:

Program Revenues



- Program Revenue 93.60%
- Operating Grants and Contributions 5.40%

General Revenues for fiscal year 2010 totaled \$ 3,779,108. Governmental Activities provided \$3,940,438 and Business-Type Activities used \$161,330. Property Tax Revenues for fiscal year 2010 totaled \$2,715,434, accounting for 71.9% of General Revenues. The following chart breaks down General Revenues by source:



- Taxes 71.90%
- □ Interest .6%
- Miscellaneous 6.70%
- Loss on Sale of Assets 5.0%
- ☐ Local Option Sales Tax 15.80%

Expenses for Fiscal 2010 totaled \$ 16,380,581. Expenses for General Governmental Activities totaled \$ 5,423,586, accounting for 33% of total expenditures. Business-Type Activity expenditures totaled \$ 10,956,995, for 67% of the total.

The following table shows total expenditures by Function/Program for FY 2010 and FY 2009:

	General Governmental Activities				В	Jusiness-Ty	/pe	Activities
TOTAL		2010		2009		2010		2009
Public Safety	\$	795,713	\$	767,486		٠		-
Public Works		1,121,275		1,842,509		-		_
Culture and Recreation		2,149,142		1,702,991		-		-
Community & Economic Development		475,593		418,230		-		-
General Government		543,010		451,379		-		-
Debt Service		338,853		404,733		-		
Sewer System		-		-	\$	533,308	\$	477,046
Water System		-		-		845,775		762,179
Electric System		-		-	ı	6,582,661		6,170,727
Natural Gas System	***************************************	***	~~~~			2,995,251		3,754,752
Total Expenditures		5,423,586		5,587,328	1	0,956,995	1	1,164,704

	Totals				
		2010	2009		
Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Community & Economic Development General Government Debt Service Sewer System Water System Electric System Natural Gas System	\$	795,713 1,121,275 2,149,142 475,593 543,010 338,853 533,308 845,775 6,582,661 2,995,251	\$ 767,486 1,842,509 1,702,991 418,230 451,379 404,733 477,046 762,179 6,170,727 3,754,752		
Total Expenditures	\$	16,380,581	\$16,752,032		

The following table shows the activities included within each program level:

Program Level

Public Safety Public Works

Culture and Recreation
Community and Economic Development

General Government Debt Service Capital Projects Sewer System

Water System

Electric System

Natural Gas System

<u>Activity</u>

Individual & Community Protection, Physical Health Roadway Construction, Airport Operations, Street

Lighting, Transportation Services

Education & Culture, Leisure Time Opportunities Economic Development, Community Beautification,

Planning and Zoning

Administration, Support Services

Payment of Interest

Construction of Capital Facilities

Operation of the Waste Water Treatment

Plant/Supply Distribution System

Operation of Water Treatment Plant/Supply

Distribution System

Operation of Electric Plant/Supply Distribution

System

Operation of Natural Gas Plant/Supply Distribution

System

Governmental of Activities

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities, some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different than a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance. Please note that the expenses are listed in the first column, with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense) Revenue calculation. This format highlights the respective financial burden that each of the functions place on the taxpayers. For example, for Public Safety, the City spent \$ 795,713 and received \$ 181,106 in revenue, thus leaving a cost to the taxpayer of \$ 614,607 to be funded by various methods. The new format also identifies how much each function draws from general revenues or is self-financing through fees or grants. Some of the individual line item revenues reported for each function are:

Public Safety
Public Works
Culture and Recreation
General Government
Capital Projects

Fines, Fees Road Use Tax, Rent, Special Assessments Fees, State Aid

Licenses, Permits

Donations, State Grants, Federal Grants

The total cost of governmental activities this year was \$5,423,586. Of these costs, \$518,173 was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs. Costs paid by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions was \$826,938, leaving a Net Expense of \$4,078,475 for Governmental Activities. These expenses of were covered with tax revenues, interest and other general revenues. The Statement of Activities in the financial statements provides further detail. The Net (Expense) Revenue by Governmental Activity is shown in the following table:

Functions/Programs		e)		
		Reve 2010		2009
Governmental Activities:				
Public Safety	\$	(614,607)	\$	(474,604)
Public Works		(266,781)		(1,154,501)
Culture and Recreation		(1,910,476)		(1,458,360)
Community and Economic Development		(417,557)		(398,479)
General Government		(530,201)		(78,547)
Capital Projects		-		361,549
Debt Service		(338,853)		(404,733)
Total Nat (Function) Bases of Communication Activity		(4.070.477)		(0.00= 0==)
Total Net (Expense) Revenue Governmental Activities		(4,078,475)		(3,607,675)
General Revenues & Interfund Transfers		3,940,438		3,853,720
Change in Net Assets	9	(138,037)		246,045

Total resources available during the year to finance governmental operations were \$15,102,789 consisting of Net Assets at July 1, 2009 of \$9,817,240, Program Revenues of \$1,345,111 and General Revenues of \$3,940,438. Total Governmental Activities during the year expended \$5,423,586; thus, Net Assets were decreased by \$138,037 to \$9,679,203.

Business Type Activities

Business Type Activities increased the City's net assets by \$577,702.

The cost of all Proprietary Activities this year was \$10,956,995. As shown in the Statement of Activities, the amounts paid by users of the systems was \$11,696,027, resulting in total Net Revenue for Business Type Activities of \$739,032. The Net (Expense) Revenue by Business Type Activity is shown in the following table:

Business-Type Activities		Net (Expense) Revenue						
		2010		2009				
Electric System Water System Sewer System Natural Gas System	\$	493,676 (59,979) 13,621 291,714	\$	472,162 56,014 152,098 230,561				
Total Net (Expense) Revenue Business-Type Activities General Revenues & Interfund Transfers Prior Period Adjustment		739,032 (161,330) 591,659		910,835 (207,017)				
Change in Net Assets	\$	1,169,361	\$	703,818				

Total resources available during the year to finance Proprietary Fund activities were \$31,093,556 consisting of Net Assets at July 1, 2009 of \$19,558,859, Program Revenues of \$11,696,027 and General Revenues of \$(161,330). Total Proprietary Fund Activities during the year expended \$10,956,995; thus Net Assets were increased by \$577,702 to \$20,136,561.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing financing requirements. Unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year. The City's Governmental Funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,988,982. The combined Governmental Funds balance increased \$215,050 from the prior year.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. During the year, expenditures exceeded revenues in the General fund by \$292,098.

The Road Use Tax Fund is used to account for the collection and disbursement of state fuel tax dollars. During the year, revenues exceeded expenditures by \$ 111,555.

The Local Option Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the collection and disbursement of local option sales tax dollars to be used for property tax replacement and therefore transferred to the general fund.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for collection of general property taxes for the repayment of general obligation debt.

The Downtown Streetscape Fund is used to account for the construction and financing of the downtown streetscape project.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Comparing the fiscal year 2010 original (adopted) city wide amount of \$53,971,165 to the final budget amount of \$60,424,565 shows a net increase of \$6,453,400.

The following table shows the government wide budget variances by program structure:

Expenditures	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance
Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Community and	\$ 1,100,029	\$ 1,074,560	\$ 25,469
	1,080,836	1,128,217	(47,381)
	1,138,090	1,107,667	30,423
Economic Development General Government Capital Projects Debt Service Business-Type Activities	585,617	345,945	239,672
	618,192	601,476	16,716
	1,399,359	1,414,710	(15,351)
	1,642,150	1,821,011	(178,861)
	52,860,292	46,050,377	6,809,915
Total Expenditures	\$ 60,424,565	\$ 53,543,963	\$ 6,880,602

During the year there was a \$ 6,453,400 increase in appropriations between the original and final amended budget. Following are the main components of the increase:

- \$ 357,400 supplemental appropriation to the fire department for a new aerial fire truck.
- \$84,000 supplemental appropriation to the street department for an extension of a sidewalk, and for excessive snow fall during the winter season, such as costs for labor and fuel.
- \$ 32,000 supplemental appropriation to the fitness center for new software package and for an employee change in group insurance.
- \$ 40,000 supplemental appropriation to our City Hall department for legal services.
- \$ 4,500,000 supplemental appropriation to our municipal hospital for under budgeting their operations for the year.
- \$ 800,000 supplemental appropriation to our capital projects fund for our downtown street construction project.
- \$ 640,000 supplemental appropriation to our debt service fund for refunding some debt.

A part of the increase was possible because of additional revenues. Those revenues included a FEMA grant for the excessive snow fall during the season, additional members to our fitness center, additional patient revenue from the hospital. The rest of the appropriations were paid with the fund balance from the general fund.

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, equipment, streets, and other infrastructure represents the value of the resources utilized to provide services to our citizens. The investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2010, was \$ 21,590,129 (net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding financings). The gross additions to capital assets for Fiscal 2010 are as follows:

		• •		
	General Gov			
	Activi	ties	Business-Ty	pe Activities
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Land			\$ 40,562	
Infrastructure	\$ 3,433,196		,	
Buildings	-	\$ 84,400	3,800	
Improvements-Other than Buildings	190,616	301,425	12,813	\$ 45,028
Equipment	615,244	1,053,883	368,411	1,331,096
Utility Plant	0.0,2	404,509	297,621	586,920
Construction in Progress	1,271,473	717,695	1,307	_
-				*
Total Gross Additions	\$ 5,510,529	\$ 2,561,912	\$ 724,514	\$ 1,963,044
	Tota			
	2010	2009		
Land	\$ 40,562			
Infrastructure	3,433,196			
Buildings	3,800	\$ 84,400		
Improvements-Other Buildings	203,429	346,453		
Equipment	983,655	2,384,979		
Utility Plant	297,621	991,429		
Construction in Progress	1,272,780	717,695		
Total Expenditures	\$ 6,235,043	\$ 4,524,956		

Construction In Progress at June 30, 2010 for governmental activities consisted of costs associated with Downtown Streetscape, Hawkeye Project, and Airport Improvements.

For Business-Type Activities, the Construction in progress consisted of costs associated with the electric distribution improvements.

See Note 6 to the financial statements for more information on the City's capital assets.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At year-end the City had \$14,840,000 of debt outstanding. Of this amount, \$8,760,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of \$6,080,000 is debt represented by bonds secured solely by the specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

Debt administration is on track, with over 75% of all City debt repaid within the next 10 years. This rapid repayment, when combined with the use of TIF has allowed the City to maintain our good rating. This reflects well on our community.

The City continues to operate well under State debt capacity limitations. The State limits the amount of General Obligation Debt Outstanding to 5% of the assessed value of all taxable property in the community. Thus, our debt capacity is \$ 14,336,190. With outstanding General Obligation Debt applicable to this limit of \$8,760,000, we are utilizing 61.1% of this limit. More detailed information on debt administration is provided in Note 7 of the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The City of Orange City worked hard in FY 2010 to maintain a positive approach to growth and development. Continued progressive growth in the Orange City community had a positive effect on the City's unemployment and tax base. The growth in Local Option Sales Tax demonstrates that the Orange City's economy continues to grow.

New housing developments in the city include private development, including water, sewer and paving improvements. The City has worked to market the new industrial park located in the south end of town. The City is looking forward to new industry coming to the community.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Kent Anderson at 712-707-4885.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

	Primary Government		•	onent Unit	
	Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities Tota		Total	Orange City	Orange City Municipal Golf Ass'n.
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	10(4)	Municipal Hospital	widincipal Golf ASS n.
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,070,481	\$ 200,456	\$ 1,270,937	\$ 7,050,918	\$ 8,517
Investments	1,164,148	3,436,948	4,601,096	5,814,899	-,
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of allowance for	.,	-,,	.,,	3,0 (),000	
uncollectibles)					
Accounts	20,211	862,351	882,562	3,947,408	_
Taxes	14,171		14,171	-	-
Subsequent Year Taxes	2,575,299	-	2,575,299	-	_
Accrued Interest	301	2,228	2,529	20,553	-
Other	-	10,498	10,498		_
Estimated Unbilled Usage	•	400,647	400,647	-	-
Special Assessments	56,516	-	56,516	-	-
Pledges Receivable	-	19,809	19,809	-	-
Notes Receivable	-	112,544	112,544		-
Interfund Balances	(177,917)	177,917	-	-	-
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	134,695	374,133	508,828	-	-
Inventories	14,640	443,233	457,873	499,271	3,692
Prepaid Assets	73,705	49,902	123,607	186,609	-
Investment in Joint Venture		2,513,436	2,513,436	-	-
Other	=	-	-	460,477	-
Restricted Assets, Cash and Investments:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	389	389	2,931,135	-
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service Account - Investment	*	370,000	370,000	-	-
Revenue Bond Future Debt Service Account - Investment	-	801,500	801,500	-	-
Pledges Receivable		-		8,475	-
Bond Issue Costs Land	133,647	66,433	200,080	69,383	-
	759,438	380,478	1,139,916	1,495,823	-
Construction in Progress	141,979	1,307	143,286	-	-
Infrastructure, Property and Equipment, Net	45 400 004	10.001.000	00 000 007		
of Accumulated Depreciation (Note 6) Total Assets	15,402,064	16,894,863	32,296,927	31,514,528	1,582,643
Total Assets	21,383,378	27,119,072	48,502,450	53,999,479	1,594,852
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	237,159	703,911	941,070	1,501,461	_
Accrued Wages	20,267	9,312	29,579	2,546,178	4,086
Accrued Expenses		26,995	26,995	148,725	4,000
Customer Deposits	_	27,195	27,195	140,720	_
Unearned Revenue	_	21,100	27,700		5,469
Deferred Revenue - Subsequent Year Taxes	2,575,299		2,575,299	_	0,700
Accrued Interest	25,691		25,691		_
Due to Other Governments		_	20,001	_	374,133
Payables from Restricted Assets:					014,100
Accrued Interest	_	65,741	65,741	439,833	_
Revenue Bonds - Current	_	510,000	510,000	692,000	
Noncurrent Liabilities:		0.0,000	010,000	032,000	
Due within one year:					
General Obligation Bonds	850,000	_	850,000		
Compensated Absences and Benefits	70,599	16,529	87,128	•	-
Due in more than one year:	70,000	10,525	07,120	-	-
Revenue Bonds Payable		5,570,000	5,570,000	24 677 606	-
General Obligation Bonds	7,910,000	3,370,000	7,910,000	24,677,505	-
Other Post Employment Benefits		0 500		-	-
Compensated Absences and Benefits, Long-Term	15,160	8,528	23,688	*	-
Total Liabilities	11,704,175	44,300 6,982,511	44,300 18,686,686	30,005,702	383,688
			797555755	00,000,102	000,000
NET ASSETS					
Invested in Capital Assets,					
Net of Related Debt	10,393,481	11,196,648	21,590,129	7,640,846	1,582,643
Restricted for:					
Debt Service	16,511	1,106,148	1,122,659	2,377,348	-
Permanent Funds - nonexpendable	82,825	-	82,825	~	-
Specific Revenues	1,370,436	-	1,370,436	+	-
Donor Restrictions	,			18,012	-
Unrestricted Total Net Assets	(2,184,050) \$ 9,679,203	7,833,765 \$ 20,136,561	5,649,715 \$ 29,815,764	13,957,571 \$ 23,993,777	(371,479)
				\$ 23.993.777	\$ 1,211,164

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Į.	Program Revenues					
			Operating	Capital				
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions				
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
Public Safety	\$ 795,713	\$ 22,835	\$ 158,271	\$ -				
Public Works	1,121,275	226,434	512,230	115,830				
Culture and Recreation	2,149,142	198,059	40,607	_				
Community and Economic Development	475,593	58,036	_	***				
General Government	543,010	12,809	-	-				
Debt Service	338,853	-	_	*				
Total governmental activities	5,423,586	518,173	711,108	115,830				
Business-Type Activities:								
Electric Utility	6,582,661	7,076,337	_	<u>.</u>				
Water Utility	845,775	785,796	-	-				
Sewer Utility	533,308	546,929	•	_				
Gas Utility	2,995,251	3,286,965		-				
Total Business-Type Activities:	10,956,995	11,696,027		-				
Total Primary Government	\$ 16,380,581	\$ 12,214,200	\$ 711,108	\$ 115,830				
Component Unit:								
Orange City Municipal Hospital	35,093,382	34,640,635	127,863	· -				
Orange City Municipal Golf Association	\$ 565,022	\$ 364,168	\$ 156,348	\$ -				

General Revenues:

Property taxes

Local Option Sales Tax

Hotel Motel Tax

Interest

Gain on Sale of Assets

Miscellaneous

Interfund Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Prior Period Adjustment

Net Assets - beginning as restated

Net assets - ending

	110000000000000000000000000000000000000				Expense) Reve				***************************************
	•		•	and Cr	anges in Net A	ssets	Compos	nent Unit	
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities				ge City al Hospital	Orange City Municipal Golf Ass'n.	
\$	(614,607) (266,781) (1,910,476) (417,557) (530,201) (338,853) (4,078,475)			\$	(614,607) (266,781) (1,910,476) (417,557) (530,201) (338,853) (4,078,475)				
	(4,078,475)	\$	493,676 (59,979) 13,621 291,714 739,032 739,032	-	493,676 (59,979) 13,621 291,714 739,032 (3,339,443)		,		
		***************************************					(324,884)	(44,5	506)
	2,715,434 567,477 28,986 7,586 189,700 149,288		- - 15,464 - 105,173		2,715,434 567,477 28,986 23,050 189,700 254,461		173,538 (647)		
	281,967 3,940,438		(281,967) (161,330)		3,779,108		172,891		
**************************************	9,817,240		577,702 18,967,200 591,659		439,665 28,784,440 591,659	,	(151,993) 24,145,770	(44,5 1,255,6	
\$	9,817,240 9,679,203	\$	19,558,859 20,136,561	\$	29,376,099 29,815,764	\$	24,145,770 23,993,777	1,255,6 \$ 1,211,1	

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA BALANCE SHEET Governmental Funds JUNE 30, 2010

Assets	General	Road Use Tax	Local Option Sales Tax	Debt Service
Cash and Pooled Investments	\$ 173,972	\$ 353,119	\$ 70,801	\$ 35,934
Investments	631,323	φ 555,119	450,000	\$ 35,934
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of allowance for uncollectibles)	001,020	-	400,000	-
Accounts	20,211	•	-	-
Taxes	7,903	**	-	6,268
Subsequent Year Taxes	1,232,192	_	-	1,098,107
Accrued Interest	165	-	136	-
Special Assessments	56,516	-		-
Due from Other Funds	225,829	-	-	-
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	8,131	30,945	95,619	-
Inventories	-	14,640	•	-
Total Assets	2,356,242	398,704	616,556	1,140,309
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Due to Other Funds Deferred Revenue Deferred Revenue - Subsequent Year Taxes Total Liabilities	168,678 20,267 157,500 50,838 1,232,192 1,629,475	-	- - - - -	1,098,107 1,098,107
Fund Balances: Reserved for: Debt Service Perpetual Care Inventories Unreserved Special Revenue Funds Capital Project Funds General Fund Total Fund Balances (Deficits) Total Liabilities and Equity	726,767 726,767 726,767 \$ 2,356,242	14,640 384,064 - 398,704 \$ 398,704	616,556 616,556 616,556	42,202 - - - - 42,202 \$ 1,140,309

		Other		Total
Downtown	Go	vernmental	Go	overnmental
Streetscape		Funds		Funds
•	•	1000=	•	
\$ -	\$	436,655	\$	1,070,481
-		82,825		1,164,148
•••		-		20,211
-		-		14,171
-		245,000		2,575,299
-		. -		301
-		-		56,516
-		-		225,829
-		-		134,695
		-		14,640
		764,480		5,276,291
0.4.004		10.500		007.450
24,981		43,500		237,159
135,256		110,990		20,267 403,746
155,250		110,990		50,838
_		245,000		2,575,299
160,237		399,490		3,287,309
				3,201,000
-				42,202
-		82,825		82,825
		-		14,640
_		355,176		1,355,796
(160,237)		(73,011)		(233,248)
(.00,201)		. (, 0, 0 / /)		726,767
(160,237)		364,990		1,988,982
\$ -	\$	764,480	\$	5,276,291

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2010

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net assets are different because:

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (page 29)	\$ 1,988,982
Infrastructure, property, and equipment used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	16,303,481
Deferred revenues that provide current financial resources for governmental activities	50,838
Accrued expenses from the balance sheet that require current financial resources for governmental activities	(25,691)
Accrued compensated absences and other post employment benefits not reported on the modified accural basis	(85,759)
Bond issue costs are reported in the governmental activities but are not reported in the funds as they do not provide current economic resources	133,647
Prepaid expenses are reported in the governmental activities but are not reported in the funds as they do not provide current economic resources	73,705
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds	(8,760,000)
Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities (page 25)	\$ 9,679,203

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	General	Road Use Tax	Local Option Sales Tax	Debt Service
Revenue:				
Taxes	\$ 1,148,175	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,002,657
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-
Licenses and Permits	3,927		-	-
Intergovernmental	315,383	511,555	•	-
Charges for Services	432,831		-	-
Fines and Forfeits	28,798	-	-	-
Contributions from Property Owners	5,005	-	_	-
TIF Revenue	263,826	-	-	-
Local Option Sales Tax	28,986	-	567,477	_
Proceeds from Sale of Real Estate	-	_		-
Interest on Investments	5,350	_	2,142	94
Miscellaneous	147,987	_	· -	_
Total Revenue	2,380,268	511,555	569,619	1,002,751
Expenditures:				
Public Safety	1,074,560	_	-	-
Public Works	1,128,842	-	-	-
Culture and Recreation	1,107,667	_	_	_
Community and Economic Development	345,945	-	-	-
General Government	601,476	-	-	_
Capital Projects		-	-	_
Debt Service:			-	
Principal Retirement	_	_	_	1,325,000
Interest	5,200	_	-	309,570
Total Expenditures	4,263,690	-	**	1,634,570
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,883,422)	511,555	569,619	(631,819)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	27,850			
Issuance of Debt	300,000	_	_	625,000
Transfers In	1,273,474	-	_	025,000
Transfers Out	(10,000)	(400,000)	(591,507)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,591,324	(400,000)	(591,507)	625,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(292,098)	111,555	(21,888)	(6,819)
Fund balances (Deficits)-beginning of year Increase in Reserve for Inventory	1,018,865	286,524 625	638,444	49,021 -
Fund balances (Deficits)- end of year	\$ 726,767	\$ 398,704	\$ 616,556	\$ 42,202

Downtown Streetscape	Go	Other evernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	- \$	_	\$	2,150,832
32,39		_	Ψ	32,393
02,00	- Ψ			3,927
	_	-		826,938
	-	-		432,831
	-	-		28,798
	-	-		5,005
	-	299,488		563,314
	-	-		596,463
	-	161,850		161,850
	-	-		7,586
8,40		8,120		164,507
40,79	3	469,458		4,974,444
	_	_		1,074,560
	-	-		1,128,842
	-	-		1,107,667
	-	-		345,945
	-	-		601,476
1,248,33	5	166,375		1,414,710
	-	125,000		1,450,000
26,14		30,096		371,011
1,274,48	0	321,471		7,494,211
(1,233,68	7)	147,987		(2,519,767)
	-	-		27,850
1,500,00	0	-		2,425,000
10,00		-		1,283,474
	_	-		(1,001,507)
1,510,00	0	_		2,734,817
276,31	3	147,987		215,050
(436,55	0)	217,003		1,773,307
(.55,00		, 5 5 6		625
\$ (160,23	7) \$	364,990	\$	1,988,982
¥ (100,23	, , Ψ	507,550	Ψ	1,000,002

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Net change in	fund balances.	total governmental	funds (nage 32)
MEL CHAINGE III	Tunu Dalances -	· total dovernmental	HIROS HIBOR 321

\$ 215,675

Governmental funds report capital outlays, including infrastructure, as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current year as follows:

Expenditures for capital assets Depreciation expense	\$ 2,077,333 (1,465,386)	611,947
Governmental funds report the proceeds from the sale of fixed assets as revenue whereas the statement of activities reports the gain on the sale of fixed assets. This is the effect on the change in net assets on the statement of activities.		(3,566)
Revenues reported in the funds that are not available to provide current financial resources		1,288
Prepaid insurance is not reported in the governmental funds as it is not available to provide current inancial resources		3,687
Accrued interest expense that does not require current financial resources		8,629
ong-term accrual of compensated absences and post employment benefits are not reported in the governmental funds as it does not consume current financial resources. The net change is in the long-term compensated absences for the year was:		(19,026)
The issuance of indebtedness provides current financial resources to the governmental funds without iffecting net assets. The statement of activities does not reflect the proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt. The proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt for the year was:		(2,425,000)
The effect of bond issuance costs when new debt is issued, whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities		18,329
The repayment of the principal of bonded long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds without affecting the net assets. The statement of activities does not reflect the payment of principal on bonded long-term debt. The principal paid on bonded long-term debt during the current year was:		1,450,000
ge in net assets of governmental activities (page 27)	,	\$ (138,037)

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS Proprietary Funds June 30, 2010

ounc 50, 2010	Business Type Activities					
	Electric Utility	Water Utility	Sewer Utility			
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,530	\$ 125,738	23,671			
Investments	1,565,757	635,000	586,191			
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of allowance for	• •		,			
uncollectibles)						
Accounts	649,699	68,065	42,458			
Accrued Interest	922	429	422			
Other	4,798	1,225	725			
Estimated Unbilled Usage	303,248	28,789	19,156			
Pledges Receivable	-	201.00	19,809			
TIF Receivable	67,644	-	44,900			
Due from Other Funds	157,500	20,417	. 1,000			
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	374,133	20,417	_			
Inventories	398,897	18,693	-			
Prepaid Assets			0.000			
Total Current Assets	21,896	12,202	9,080			
	3,548,024	910,558	746,412			
Non Current Assets						
Investment in Joint Venture	1,662,803	850,633	-			
Restricted Assets:						
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service - Cash	389	-	~			
Revenue Bond Current Debt						
Service Account - Investment	150,000	135,000	60,000			
Revenue Bond Future Debt						
Service Account - Investment	236,500	255,000	150,000			
Bond Issue Costs	25,695	24,323	3,432			
Land	27,539	103,786	249,153			
Construction in Progress	1,307	100,100	240,100			
Infrastructure, Property and Equipment, Net	1,007	_	-			
of Accumulated Depreciation	7,116,110	4,526,928	3,778,400			
Total Noncurrent Assets	9,220,343					
		5,895,670	4,240,985			
Total Assets	12,768,367	6,806,228	4,987,397			
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	525,440	27,179	13,846			
Accrued Wages	4,391	2,048	1,358			
Accrued Expenses	19,833	3,428	1,243			
Customer Deposits	15,545	-	-			
Due to Other Funds	138,826		-			
Payables from Restricted Assets:						
Accrued Revenue Bond Interest	16.069	36,179	5,196			
Revenue Bonds - Current	200,000	105,000	110,000			
Total Current Liabilities	920,104	173,834	131,643			
Noncurrent Liabilities:		110,004	101,040			
Due within one year:						
	0.720	1.022	2.040			
Compensated Absences	9,730	1,922	2,616			
Due in more than one year:	0.405.000		#AA A			
Revenue Bonds Payable	2,165,000	1,850,000	500,000			
Other Post Employment Benefits	4,974	2,132	-			
Compensated Absences and Benefits, Long-Term	24,848	8,484	4,136			
Total Liabilities	3,124,656	2,036,372	638,395			
NET ASSETS						
Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt	4,779,956	2,675,714	3,417,553			
Restricted for:	.,	-10.01	-,,000			
Debt Service	370,820	353,821	204,804			
Unrestricted	4,492,935	1,740,321	726,645			
Total Net Assets	\$ 9,643,711	\$ 4,769,856	\$ 4,349,002			
roturnot mosoto	ψ 3,040,111	Ø 4,709,000	a 4.048.UUZ			

	Business Typ	e Activities
	Gas	Total
	Utility	Total
\$	47,517	\$ 200,456
	650,000	3,436,948
	102,129	862,351
	455	2,228
	3,750	10,498
	49,454	400,647
	-	19,809 112,544
	138,826	316,743
	-	374,133
	25,643	443,233
	6,724 1,024,498	49,902 6,229,492
	7,021,100	0,220,102
	-	2,513,436
	-	389
	25,000	370,000
	100.000	004 500
	160,000 12,983	801,500 66,433
	-	380,478
	-	1,307
•	1 472 425	16 904 963
	1,473,425 1,671,408	16,894,863 21,028,406
	2,695,906	27,257,898
	137,446	703,911
	1,515	9,312
	2,491	26,995
	11,650	27,195
	-	138,826
	8,297	65,741
	95,000	510,000
	256,399	1,481,980
	2,261	16,529
	1,055,000	5,570,000
	1,422	8,528
	6,832	44,300
	1;321,914	7,121,337
	323,425	11,196,648
	176,703	1,106,148
	873,864	7,833,765
\$	1,373,992	\$ 20,136,561

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Business Type Activities					
	- Alv.	Electric Utility		Water Utility		Sewer Utility
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$	7,076,337	\$	785,796	\$	546,929
Total Operating Revenue		7,076,337		785,796		546,929
Operating Expenses:						
Production		4,864,541		174,439		98,068
Transmission		241,874		869		-
Distribution / Collection		456,292		147,356		90,249
Administrative and General		292,413		150,154		119,083
Depreciation		476,657		235,818		184,270
Total Operating Expenses		6,331,777		708,636		491,670
Operating Income		744,560		77,160		55,259
Non-Operating Income (Expense):						
Interest Income		6,832		3,895		2,607
Other Non-operating Revenues		25,937		58,359		20,808
Interest Expense		(103,259)		(90,147)		(36,646)
Other Non-operating Expenses		(147,625)		(46,992)		(4,992)
Total Non-Operating Income (Expenses)		(218,115)	-	(74,885)		(18,223)
Income before Transfers		526,445		2,275		37,036
Transfers Out		(235,967)	-	(23,000)		(23,000)
Change in Net Assets		290,478		(20,725)		14,036
Net Assets - Beginning		9,353,233		4,198,922		4,334,966
Prior Period Adjustment				591,659		_
Net Assets - Beginning (Restated)		9,353,233		4,790,581		4,334,966
Net Assets - Ending	\$	9,643,711	\$	4,769,856	\$	4,349,002

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Business Type Activities						
	Gas Utility		Total			
ah	Ounty		1 Otal			
•	0.000.005	•	11 000 007			
\$	3,286,965 3,286,965	\$	11,696,027 11,696,027			
	0,200,000		11,000,021			
	2 500 620		5,137,048 2,842,363			
	2,599,620 135,801		2,642,303 829,698			
	134,288		695,938			
	70,944		967,689			
	2,940,653	***************************************	10,472,736			
	346,312		1,223,291			
	2,130		15,464			
	69 (54,598)		105,173 (284,650)			
	(04,030)		(199,609)			
	(52,399)		(363,622)			
	293,913		859,669			
			(281,967)			
	293,913		577,702			
	1,080,079		18,967,200			
	-		591,659			
	1,080,079		19,558,859			
\$	1,373,992	\$	20,136,561			

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Business Type Activities					
		Electric Utility		Water Utility		Sewer Utility
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash Received from Customers	\$	7,015,046	\$	799.808	\$	602.037
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(5,254,183)		(209,013)	•	(159,592)
Cash Paid to Employees for Services		(523,687)		(262,353)		(173,420)
Other Nonoperating Income		25,937		58,359		20,808
Other Nonoperating Expenses		(147,625)		(46,992)		(4,992)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		1,115,488		339,809		284,841
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
(Increase) Decrease in Investment in Joint Venture		13.863		166,026		
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(294,652)		(216,322)		(148,046)
Principal Paid on Notes and Bonds		(195,000)		(105,000)		(105,000)
Interest Paid on Notes and Bonds		(99,662)		(88,483)		(36,216)
Net Cash (Used) for Capital and Related Financing Activities	•	(575,451)		(243,779)		(289,262)
	***************************************		-			
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Transfers From (To) Other Funds		(235,967)		(23,000)		(23,000)
Advances From (To) Other Funds		17,500		-		-
TIF Receivable		56,567				2,902
Due From Other Governments		(374,133)				
Due From (To) Other Funds		12,766		332,883		144,146
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Non-Capital Financing Activities		(523,267)		309,883		124,048
((020,201)		000,000	***************************************	124,040
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Purchase of Investment Securities		(27,257)		(375,000)		(236, 191)
Interest and Dividends on Investments		11,089		4,531		3,696
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Investing Activities		(16,168)		(370,469)		(232,495)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		602		35,444		(112,868)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		3,317		90,294		136,539
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	3,919	\$	125,738	\$	23,671

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

	Business Type Activities					
	Gas		Tatal			
	Utility		Total			
9	3,287,589	\$	11,704,480			
	(2,691,906)		(8,314,694)			
	(171,636)		(1,131,096)			
	69		105,173			
	<u>-</u>		(199,609)			
	424,116		2,164,254			
	_		179,889			
	(50,697)		(709,717)			
	(90,000)		(495,000)			
	(52,844)		(277,205)			
	(193,541)		(1,302,033)			
	_		(281,967)			
	**		17,500			
			59,469			
			(374,133)			
	(138,826)		350,969			
-	(138,826)		(228,162)			
	(250,000)		(888,448)			
	2,389		21,705			
	2,000		21,100			
	(247,611)	4	(866,743)			
	(155,862)		(232,684)			
	203,379		433,529			
_\$	47,517	\$	200,845			

continued

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Business Type Activities					
		Electric Utility		Water Utility		Sewer Utility
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities						
Operating Income	\$	744,560	\$	77,160	\$	55,259
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:						
Depreciation		476,657		235,818		184,270
Other Non-Operating Income		25,937		58,359		20,808
Other Non-Operating Expenses		(147,625)		(46,992)		(4,992)
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:		, ,		, , ,		, ,
Accounts Receivable		(60,391)		14,012		55,108
Inventories		58,316		(1,399)		
Prepaid Expenses		(2,097)		(545)		(972)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities		, , ,		,		, ,
Accounts Payable		33,649		10,439		(18,587)
Accrued Wages and Compensated Absences		(12,019)		(6,874)		(6,085)
Accrued Expenses		(3,086)		(169)		32
Customer Deposits		(900)		. ,		_
OPEB Liability		2,487		_		-
Total Adjustments		370,928	Antonio Mandalando	262,649	•	229,582
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	-	1,115,488		339,809		284,841
Cash and Cash Equivalents		3,530		125,738		23,671
Revenue Bond Current Debt Service		389		-		
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,919	\$	125,738	\$	23,671

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Business Type Activities					
	Gas Utility		Total		
\$	346,312	\$	1,223,291		
	70,944		967,689		
	69		105,173		
	· -		(199,609)		
	183		8,912		
	3,183		60,100		
	(529)		(4,143)		
	6,006		31,507		
	(4,363)		(29,341)		
	449		(2,774)		
	440		(460)		
	1,422		3,909		
-	77,804		940,963		
	424,116		2,164,254		
	47,517		200,456		
			389		
\$	47,517	\$	200,845		

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS Agency Fund June 30, 2010

WITH THE TOTAL CONTROL	
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 36,781
Total Assets	36,781
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	 36,781
Total Liabilities	\$ 36,781

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Orange City, Iowa is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa located in Sioux County, and was incorporated in 1884, under the laws of the State of Iowa, later amended in 1974 under the Home Rule City Act. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and administers the following programs as authorized by its charter: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development and general government services. The City also provides electric, water, sewer and gas utilities.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The City applies only the applicable FASB pronouncements issued prior to November 30, 1989 in accounting and reporting its proprietary operations. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City of Orange City, Iowa, has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

These financial statements present the City of Orange City, lowa (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City. Complete financial statements of the individual component units, which issued separate financial statements as noted below, can be obtained from their respective administrative office.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u> - The Orange City Municipal Hospital's financial data is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City, but is financially accountable to the City. Orange City Area Health Foundation is a component unit of the Orange City Municipal Hospital, so the Foundation's financial data is combined with the Hospital's financial data. The municipal hospital is financially accountable to the City through budget responsibilities and debt issue restrictions.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u> – Orange City Municipal Golf Association's financial data is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City, but is financially accountable to the City. The Municipal Golf Association is financially accountable to the City through the City's involvement in providing the Association with financing and subsidizing Association operating losses.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The City also participates in several jointly governed organizations for which the City is not financially accountable or that the nature and significance of the relationship with the City are such that exclusion does not cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. City officials are members of the following Boards and Commissions: Sioux County Conference Board, Sioux County Emergency Management Commission, and Sioux County Joint E911 Service Board.

B. Basic Financial Statements-Government-Wide Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The City's general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects and permanent funds are classified as governmental activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net assets are reported in three parts-invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. The City first uses restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The Government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions (public safety, public works, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, etc.) and business-type activities. The functions are also supported by general government expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenue, operating grants, and capital grants. Program revenue must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The City does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in the City's net assets resulting from the current year activities.

C. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues or receipts, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based on the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria for the determination of major funds. The City electively added funds, as major funds, which had a specific community focus. The non-major funds are combined into a single column in the fund financial statements.

Governmental Fund Types – The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus. This means that the focus of the governmental funds' measurement is upon the determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the major governmental funds of the City:

1) General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The sources of revenue include property taxes, charges for services, fines and fees, licenses and permits, as well as state and federal grants. The expenditures of the General Fund relate to general administration, police and fire protection, maintenance of public streets, economic development, and culture and recreation.

2) Special Revenue Funds

The Road Use Tax Fund is used to account for the operation of street maintenance and construction financed by allocations of state fuel taxes.

The Local Option Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the collection of a 1% local option sales tax to be expended for Capital Improvement/Community Betterment Projects.

- 3) <u>Debt Service Fund</u> The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.
- 4) <u>Capital Project Fund</u> Downtown streetscape is used to account for construction and financing of a downtown streetscape project.

Proprietary Fund Types – The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. Operating revenues and expenses are distinguished from non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of enterprise funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses consist of cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. The U.S. generally accepted accounting principles used are those applicable to similar businesses in the private sector.

1) <u>Enterprise Funds</u> – Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis should be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The City maintains several business-type activities. The major enterprise funds are listed as follows:

The Electric Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's electric systems.

The Water Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

The Sewer Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer system.

The Gas Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's gas system.

Fiduciary Fund Types — Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in an agency or custodial capacity for others and therefore not available to support City programs. Since agency funds are custodial in nature, they do not involve the measurement of results of operations and are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements. The City's agency fund includes the payroll clearing fund.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

<u>Accrual basis of accounting</u> is used for all activities in the government-wide financial statements and for the proprietary and fiduciary activities in the fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental funds in the fund financial statements. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The government considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues.

Note 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)</u>

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. An exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation debt, if any, is recognized when due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, assessments, and intergovernmental revenues. Licenses, fines and permits are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

E. Budgets

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2010, disbursements exceeded the amount budgeted in the Public Works, Capital Projects, and Debt Service functions.

F. Cash And Cash Equivalents And Investments

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds not currently needed for operating expenses in notes, certificates, bonds, prime eligible bankers acceptances, certain high rated commercial paper, perfected repurchase agreements, or other evidences of indebtedness which are obligations of or guaranteed by the United States of America or any of its agencies, or in time deposits or savings accounts in depositories approved by the City Council.

1) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Includes demand deposits, cash on hand and cash investments with original maturities of three months or less.

2) Investments

The City and its component unit use the following methods in determining the reported amounts.

Type Method

City

Nonnegotiable Certificates of Deposit Cost
Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust Fair Value determined by current share price

Component Unit
Interest-earning investment contracts

Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit Cost

Open-end mutual funds
(governmental external investment pool registered
As an investment company)

Publicly traded mutual funds

Fair Value based on quoted market prices

Debt Securities

Negotiable certificates of deposit and U.S. Government
Agency Securities

Maturity of one year or less when purchased
Maturity to more than one year when purchased

Amortized cost Fair Value based on quoted Market prices

Fair Value determined by

current share price

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Property Tax Receivable

Property tax in Governmental Funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the City Council to the County Board of Supervisors. Current year delinquent property taxes receivable represents unpaid taxes from the current year. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the City Council to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the City Council is required to certify its budget to the County Auditor by March 15 of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2008 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April, 2009. Any county collections on the 2009-2010 tax levy remitted to the City within 60 days subsequent to June 30, 2010, are recorded as property tax revenue.

H. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of its operations, the City has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services, construct assets, and service debt. To the extent that certain transactions between funds have not been paid or received as of June 30, 2010, balances of interfund amounts payable or receivable have been recorded as "due to other funds" and "due from other funds", respectively. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as interfund balances.

I. Inventories

Inventories of governmental funds are valued at cost using FIFO while those of enterprise funds are valued using the average cost method. For fund level reporting, the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Reported inventories in the governmental funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of net current assets. Inventory of the discretely presented component units is valued at cost using FIFO.

J. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2010 are recorded as prepaid items.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Restricted Assets

Revenue bond ordinances require the City to reserve certain cash and investments to provide for payment of bonds and interest, for protection of bondholders, and for extension and improvement of facilities. These balances are separately disclosed in the Enterprise Funds. Other restricted assets include temporary cash investments for the perpetual care fund.

L. Property and Equipment

Assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more are considered capital assets. Property and equipment are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed assets are reported at their fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Infrastructure has been capitalized using historical or estimated historical cost of \$25,000 or more beginning in 1980 as required by GASB 34. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated lives:

Buildings & Improvements	25 - 50 Years
Land Improvements	20 - 50 Years
Utility Plant	20 - 33 Years
Machinery & Equipment	3 – 20 Years
Vehicles	5 – 20 Years
Infrastructure	10 – 65 Years

M. Compensated Absences

City employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability for this and any related benefits is recorded when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts and related benefits is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2010. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the General Fund.

N. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

Note 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

O. Fund Equity

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity legally segregated for a specific future use.

P. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except interfund services provided and used transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

Q. Landfill Closure Costs

The City does not operate a sanitary landfill; therefore, no closure/post closure costs are included in these statements.

Note 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's deposits at June 30, 2010, were entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance collateralized with securities or letters of credit held by the City or the City's agent in the City's name, or by a multiple financial institution collateral pool in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of lowa. Chapter 12C provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligation of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; and certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

At June 30 the primary governments investments were reported at amortized cost as follows:

	Credit Risk	Maturities	Fair Value	Interest Rates
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	N/A	7/2010-05/2011	\$ 5,708,897	.20–.50%
lowa Public Agency Investment Trust	Not Rated	Daily	63,699	.81%
Totals			\$ 5,772,596	

Note 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

As of June 30, 2010, the City's investments are reported at a fair value based upon quoted market prices except for the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust which is valued at amortized cost pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as follows:

Interest Rate Risk: The City's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and uses of the City.

Credit Risk: The City's investment policy addresses the issue of credit risk. Investments are limited to certain types of investments and by diversifying the investment portfolio.

Component Unit: The Hospital's investments, except the mutual funds, are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Hospital or its agent in the Hospital's name. The mutual fund investments are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counter party or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Hospital's name. All investments listed below, except the U.S. Government agency securities, are subject to custodial credit risk. The Hospital does not have a formal policy limiting investment maturities that would help manage its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates (interest rate risk).

As of June 30, 2010, the Hospital's investments are reported at a fair value based upon quoted market prices except for the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust which is valued at amortized cost pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as follows:

	<u>Maturities</u>	
Edward D. Jones & Co., money market funds	Daily	\$ 3,699
Negotiable certificates of deposit	05/16/11-05/14/12	125,000
U.S. Government agency securities	01/15/15-11/01/31	286,908
Mutual Funds	Daily	844,308
Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust	Daily	3,158,063
Totals		\$ 4,417,978

The primary objectives of the Hospital's investment policy include the safety and preservation of principal in the overall investment portfolio, the maintenance of necessary liquidity to match expected liabilities, and obtaining a reasonable return. The investment policy limits the investing of operating funds to instruments that mature within three hundred ninety-seven days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than three hundred ninety-seven days, provided that the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the Hospital.

There were no significant changes in investments held during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

Note 3 - PLEDGES RECEIVABLE

At June 30, 2010, the component unit's Foundation pledges receivable consisted of pledges restricted for the building of a new health campus.

A summary of the activity in pledges receivable for the year ended June 30, 2010 is as follows:

Beginning pledges receivable	\$ 41,313
Pledges made during the year	4,502
Pledge payments received	(35,998)
Decrease in allowance for uncollectible pledges receivable	(1,342)
Total	\$ 8,475

Pledges receivable are expected to be received during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011.

Note 4 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

At June 30, 2010, amounts due from other governments were as follows:

Due from Orange City Municipal Golf Association	\$ 374,133
Due from FEMA for Snow Disaster Grant	7,769
Due from the Iowa Department of Transportation for road use tax allocations	30,945
Due from Sioux County for court fees and fines	362
Due from the State of Iowa for local option sales taxes	95,619
Total Due from Other Governments	\$ 508,828

Note 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

As of June 30, 2010, short-term interfund borrowings were as follows:

	Fund Due To	Fund Due From	A	mount
General Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Fund	\$	90,573
Electric Fund		General Fund		157,500
General Fund		Downtown Streetscape		135,256
Water Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Fund		20,417
Gas Fund		Electric Fund		138,826
			\$	542,572

Interfund receivables and payables are used to record negative pooled cash and to record money advanced to internally finance various projects.

Note 6 - <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

Primary Government

Governmental Activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land \$ 759,438 - \$ - \$ 759,438 Construction in Progress 2,303,702 1,271,473 3,433,196 141,979 Total capital assets not being depreciated 3,063,140 1,271,473 3,433,196 901,417 Capital assets being depreciated: 8uildings 4,987,107 4,987,107 - 4,987,107 Improvements 3,944,583 190,616 - 4,135,199 4,135,199 3,075,285 Infrastructure 28,544,332 3,433,196 - 31,977,528 3,075,285 10,2356 3,075,285 44,175,119 4,239,056 102,356 44,175,119 4,239,056 102,356 44,175,119 4,239,056 102,356 44,175,119 4,239,056 102,356 44,175,119 4,239,056 102,356 44,175,119 4,239,056 102,356 44,175,119 4,239,056 102,356 44,175,119 4,239,056 102,356 44,175,119 4,239,056 102,356 44,175,119 4,239,056 102,356 44,175,119 4,239,056 102,		Balance July 1, 2009	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2010
Land \$ 759,438 - \$ - \$ 759,438 Construction in Progress 2,303,702 1,271,473 3,433,196 141,979 Total capital assets not being depreciated 3,063,140 1,271,473 3,433,196 901,417 Capital assets being depreciated: 8 - - - 4,987,107 Improvements 3,944,583 190,616 - - 4,135,199 Equipment 2,562,397 615,244 102,356 3,075,285 Infrastructure 28,544,332 3,433,196 - 31,977,528 Total capital assets being depreciated 40,038,419 4,239,056 102,356 44,175,119 Less: Accumulated Depreciation for: 8 1,160,593 160,931 - 1,321,524 Equipment 1,420,469 218,163 98,790 1,539,842 Infrastructure 22,141,162 935,909 - 23,077,071 Total Accumulated 27,406,459 1,465,386 98,790 28,773,055 Total capital assets being depreciated, net	Governmental Activities:	******	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Land \$ 759,438 - \$ - \$ 759,438 Construction in Progress 2,303,702 1,271,473 3,433,196 141,979 Total capital assets not being depreciated 3,063,140 1,271,473 3,433,196 901,417 Capital assets being depreciated: 8 - - - 4,987,107 Improvements 3,944,583 190,616 - - 4,135,199 Equipment 2,562,397 615,244 102,356 3,075,285 Infrastructure 28,544,332 3,433,196 - 31,977,528 Total capital assets being depreciated 40,038,419 4,239,056 102,356 44,175,119 Less: Accumulated Depreciation for: 8 1,160,593 160,931 - 1,321,524 Equipment 1,420,469 218,163 98,790 1,539,842 Infrastructure 22,141,162 935,909 - 23,077,071 Total Accumulated 27,406,459 1,465,386 98,790 28,773,055 Total capital assets being depreciated, net	Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Total capital assets not being depreciated 3,063,140 1,271,473 3,433,196 901,417 Capital assets being depreciated: 8uildings 4,987,107 - - 4,987,107 Improvements 3,944,583 190,616 - 4,135,199 Equipment 2,562,397 615,244 102,356 3,075,285 Infrastructure 28,544,332 3,433,196 - 31,977,528 Total capital assets being depreciated 40,038,419 4,239,056 102,356 44,175,119 Less: Accumulated Depreciation for: 8uildings 2,684,235 150,383 - 2,834,618 Improvements 1,160,593 160,931 - 1,321,524 Equipment 1,420,469 218,163 98,790 1,539,842 Infrastructure 22,141,162 935,909 - 23,077,071 Total Accumulated 27,406,459 1,465,386 98,790 28,773,055 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 12,631,960 2,773,670 3,566 15,402,064	- ·	\$ 759,438	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 759,438
depreciated 3,063,140 1,271,473 3,433,196 901,417 Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings 4,987,107 - - 4,987,107 Improvements 3,944,583 190,616 - 4,135,199 Equipment 2,562,397 615,244 102,356 3,075,285 Infrastructure 28,544,332 3,433,196 - 31,977,528 Total capital assets being depreciated 40,038,419 4,239,056 102,356 44,175,119 Less: Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings 2,684,235 150,383 - 2,834,618 Improvements 1,160,593 160,931 - 1,321,524 Equipment 1,420,469 218,163 98,790 1,539,842 Infrastructure 22,141,162 935,909 - 23,077,071 Total Accumulated 20 27,406,459 1,465,386 98,790 28,773,055 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 12,631,960 2,773,670 3,566 15,402,064 Governmental activities capital	Construction in Progress	2,303,702	1,271,473	3,433,196	141,979
depreciated 3,063,140 1,271,473 3,433,196 901,417 Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings 4,987,107 - - 4,987,107 Improvements 3,944,583 190,616 - 4,135,199 Equipment 2,562,397 615,244 102,356 3,075,285 Infrastructure 28,544,332 3,433,196 - 31,977,528 Total capital assets being depreciated 40,038,419 4,239,056 102,356 44,175,119 Less: Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings 2,684,235 150,383 - 2,834,618 Improvements 1,160,593 160,931 - 1,321,524 Equipment 1,420,469 218,163 98,790 1,539,842 Infrastructure 22,141,162 935,909 - 23,077,071 Total Accumulated 20,7406,459 1,465,386 98,790 28,773,055 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 12,631,960 2,773,670 3,566 15,402,064	Total capital assets not being				
Buildings 4,987,107 - - 4,987,107 Improvements 3,944,583 190,616 - 4,135,199 Equipment 2,562,397 615,244 102,356 3,075,285 Infrastructure 28,544,332 3,433,196 - 31,977,528 Total capital assets being depreciated 40,038,419 4,239,056 102,356 44,175,119 Less: Accumulated Depreciation for: 8 5,684,235 150,383 - 2,834,618 Improvements 1,160,593 160,931 - 1,321,524 Equipment 1,420,469 218,163 98,790 1,539,842 Infrastructure 22,141,162 935,909 - 23,077,071 Total Accumulated Depreciation 27,406,459 1,465,386 98,790 28,773,055 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 12,631,960 2,773,670 3,566 15,402,064		3,063,140	1,271,473	3,433,196	901,417
Improvements 3,944,583 190,616 - 4,135,199 Equipment 2,562,397 615,244 102,356 3,075,285 Infrastructure 28,544,332 3,433,196 - 31,977,528 Total capital assets being depreciated 40,038,419 4,239,056 102,356 44,175,119 Less: Accumulated Depreciation for: 8 150,383 - 2,834,618 150,383 - 2,834,618 Improvements 1,160,593 160,931 - 1,321,524 1,321,524 1,420,469 218,163 98,790 1,539,842 Infrastructure 22,141,162 935,909 - 23,077,071 23,077,071 1041 Accumulated 27,406,459 1,465,386 98,790 28,773,055 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 12,631,960 2,773,670 3,566 15,402,064 Governmental activities capital	Capital assets being depreciated:				
Equipment 2,562,397 615,244 102,356 3,075,285 Infrastructure 28,544,332 3,433,196 - 31,977,528 Total capital assets being depreciated 40,038,419 4,239,056 102,356 44,175,119 Less: Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings 2,684,235 150,383 - 2,834,618 Improvements 1,160,593 160,931 - 1,321,524 Equipment 1,420,469 218,163 98,790 1,539,842 Infrastructure 22,141,162 935,909 - 23,077,071 Total Accumulated 27,406,459 1,465,386 98,790 28,773,055 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 12,631,960 2,773,670 3,566 15,402,064 Governmental activities capital	Buildings	4,987,107	-	-	4,987,107
Total capital assets being depreciated 28,544,332 3,433,196 - 31,977,528	Improvements	3,944,583	190,616	-	4,135,199
Total capital assets being depreciated 40,038,419 4,239,056 102,356 44,175,119 Less: Accumulated Depreciation for: 8 2,684,235 150,383 - 2,834,618 Improvements 1,160,593 160,931 - 1,321,524 Equipment 1,420,469 218,163 98,790 1,539,842 Infrastructure 22,141,162 935,909 - 23,077,071 Total Accumulated Depreciation 27,406,459 1,465,386 98,790 28,773,055 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 12,631,960 2,773,670 3,566 15,402,064 Governmental activities capital	Equipment	2,562,397	615,244	102,356	3,075,285
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings	Infrastructure	28,544,332	3,433,196	-	31,977,528
Buildings 2,684,235 150,383 - 2,834,618 Improvements 1,160,593 160,931 - 1,321,524 Equipment 1,420,469 218,163 98,790 1,539,842 Infrastructure 22,141,162 935,909 - 23,077,071 Total Accumulated 27,406,459 1,465,386 98,790 28,773,055 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 12,631,960 2,773,670 3,566 15,402,064 Governmental activities capital	Total capital assets being depreciated	40,038,419	4,239,056	102,356	44,175,119
Buildings 2,684,235 150,383 - 2,834,618 Improvements 1,160,593 160,931 - 1,321,524 Equipment 1,420,469 218,163 98,790 1,539,842 Infrastructure 22,141,162 935,909 - 23,077,071 Total Accumulated 27,406,459 1,465,386 98,790 28,773,055 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 12,631,960 2,773,670 3,566 15,402,064 Governmental activities capital	Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Equipment 1,420,469 218,163 98,790 1,539,842 Infrastructure 22,141,162 935,909 - 23,077,071 Total Accumulated Depreciation 27,406,459 1,465,386 98,790 28,773,055 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 12,631,960 2,773,670 3,566 15,402,064 Governmental activities capital	Buildings	2,684,235	150,383	-	2,834,618
Infrastructure 22,141,162 935,909 - 23,077,071 Total Accumulated Depreciation 27,406,459 1,465,386 98,790 28,773,055 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 12,631,960 2,773,670 3,566 15,402,064 Governmental activities capital	Improvements	1,160,593	160,931	-	1,321,524
Total Accumulated Depreciation 27,406,459 1,465,386 98,790 28,773,055 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 12,631,960 2,773,670 3,566 15,402,064 Governmental activities capital	Equipment	1,420,469	218,163	98,790	1,539,842
Depreciation 27,406,459 1,465,386 98,790 28,773,055 Total capital assets being depreciated, net 12,631,960 2,773,670 3,566 15,402,064 Governmental activities capital	Infrastructure	22,141,162	935,909	-	23,077,071
Total capital assets being depreciated, net 12,631,960 2,773,670 3,566 15,402,064 Governmental activities capital	Total Accumulated				
depreciated, net 12,631,960 2,773,670 3,566 15,402,064 Governmental activities capital	Depreciation	27,406,459	1,465,386	98,790	28,773,055
depreciated, net 12,631,960 2,773,670 3,566 15,402,064 Governmental activities capital	Total capital assets being				
·	, –	12,631,960	2,773,670	3,566	15,402,064
·	Governmental activities capital				
	•	\$ 15,695,100	\$ 4,045,143	\$ 3,436,762	\$16,303,481

Construction in progress at June 30, 2010, for the governmental activities consisted of airport improvements.

Note 6 - <u>CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)</u>

	Balance	م مده (غاله له ۸	Datations	Dealmoifications	Balance
Decision of Authority	July 1, 2009	Additions	Deletions	Reclassifications	June 30, 2010
Business-Type Activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:	Ф 990 040	040 500	C	Φ	e 200 470
Land	\$ 339,916	\$40,562	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 380,478
Construction in Progress		1,307	-	***	1,307
Total capital assets not being depreciated	339,916	41,869	•	•	381,785
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	3,307,658	3,800	-	25,189	3,336,647
Improvements	125,588	12,813	-	(27,598)	110,803
Equipment	3,840,497	368,411	55,792	110,778	4,263,894
Utility Plant	25,057,495	297,621	-	(139,164)	25,215,952
Total capital assets being depreciated	32,331,238	682,645	55,792	(30,795)	32,927,296
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:				,	442
Buildings	1,116,623	80,534	-	2,521	1,199,678
Improvements	84,822	3,024	-	(2,517)	85,329
Equipment	2,488,757	254,461	40,995	119,761	2,821,984
Utility Plant	11,446,332	629,670	-	(150,560)	11,925,442
Total Accumulated Depreciation	15,136,534	967,689	40,995	30,795	16,032,433
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	17,194,704	(285,044)	14,797	-	16,894,863
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$17,534,620	(243,175)	\$ 14,797	\$ -	\$ 17,276,648

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities: Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation General Government	\$ 112,547 1,123,688 213,639 15,512
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 1,465,386
Business-Type Activities: Electric Water Sewer Gas	\$ 476,657 235,818 184,270 70,944
Total depreciation expense business-type activities	\$ 967,689

Note 6 - <u>CAPITAL ASSETS – (Continued)</u>

A summary of changes in capital assets for the discretely presented component units are as follows:

Orange City Municipal Hospital

	Balance			Balance
	July 1,			June 30,
	2009	Additions	Deletions	2010
Component Unit:		***************************************		
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,139,373	\$ 356,450	\$ -	\$ 1,495,823
Total capital assets not beingdepreciated	1,139,373	356,450		1,495,823
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land Improvements	2,332,209	-	-	2,332,209
Buildings	17,652,859	-	-	17,652,859
Fixed Equipment	23,342,850	32,332	*	23,375,182
Major Movable Equipment	12,221,429	699,743	170,338	12,750,834
Total capital assets being depreciated	55,549,347	732,075	170,338	56,111,084
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	21,812,702	2,954,192	170,338	24,596,556
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	33,736,645	(2,222,117)	-	31,514,528
Governmental Activities Capital Assets-net	\$ 34,876,018	\$ (1,865,667)	\$ -	\$ 33,010,351

Orange City Municipal Golf Association

	Balance January 1, 2009	Additions	Dis	posals	Balance cember 31, 2009
Golf Course and Trail	\$ 1,499,170	\$ 6,9	71 \$	13,088	\$ 1,493,053
Buildings	560,714		-	-	560,714
Equipment	343,124		-	-	 343,124
Total	2,403,008	6,9	71	13,088	2,396,891
Less Accumulated Depreciation	758,139	69,1	97	13,088	 814,248
Property and Equipment - Net	\$ 1,644,869	\$ (62,22	6) \$	-	\$ 1,582,643

Note 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Reconciliation of Investment in Capital Assets:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		•			nt
					ŀ	Hospital	Go	If Course
Land	\$	759,438	\$	380,478	\$	1,495,823	\$	*
Construction in Progress		141,979		1,307		-		-
Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		15,402,064		16,894,863		31,514,528		1,582,643
Less: General Obligation Bonds Payable		5,910,000		-		-		-
Revenue Bonds		-		6,080,000		25,369,505		-
Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$	10,393,481	\$	11,196,648	\$	7,640,846	\$	1,582,643

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and projects. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. These bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City.

General obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2010 are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates	<u>Amounts</u>
Governmental Activities	1.45 - 6.10%	\$ 8,760,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Sovernmenta rincipal	ıl Ad	ctivities <u>Interest</u>	Total
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016-2020 2021-2025 2026-2028	\$ 850,000 850,000 820,000 855,000 835,000 3,260,000 1,195,000 95,000	\$	318,806 296,496 272,403 246,683 218,393 646,753 171,433 6,503	\$ 1,168,806 1,146,496 1,092,403 1,101,683 1,053,393 3,906,753 1,366,433 101,503
Total	\$ 8,760,000	\$	2,177,470	\$ 10,937,470

\$2,850,000 of the outstanding general obligation bonds were issued by the City for construction of the new hospital that is reported as a component unit. Therefore this \$2,850,000 is not included as a component of invested in capital assets – net of related debt net asset.

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT – (Continued)

Revenue Bonds

The City also has issued revenue bonds where the City pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed asset to pay debt service.

Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2010 are as follows:

Primary Government

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amounts
Electric Revenue Bonds Water Revenue Bonds Sewer Revenue Bonds Gas Revenue Bonds	1.50 - 4.50% 1.60 - 5.10% 4.45 - 5.30% 1.75 - 4.80%	 \$ 2,365,000 1,955,000 610,000 1,150,000 \$ 6,080,000
Component Unit		• 0,000,000
Purpose	Interest Rates	Amounts
Hospital/Component Unit Hospital/Component Unit	3.50 - 5.60% 5.5%	\$ 25,460,000 144,000
		\$ 25,604,000

The amount presented on the statement of Net Assets is shown net of Bond discounts of \$234,495.

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Primary Government

Year	Business-Type Activities											
Ending June 30,		Electric Principal		Sewer rincipal	<u> </u>	Water Principal	<u>F</u>	Gas Principal		Interest	<u>Total</u>	
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016-2020 2021-2024	\$	200,000 200,000 210,000 220,000 230,000 1,110,000 195,000	\$	110,000 115,000 120,000 130,000 135,000	\$	105,000 110,000 115,000 120,000 120,000 700,000 685,000	\$	95,000 100,000 105,000 105,000 110,000 635,000	\$	258,980 239,386 218,159 195,048 170,153 496,919 79,631	\$ 768,98 764,38 768,15 770,04 765,15 2,941,91 959,63	86 59 48 53 19
Total	\$	2,365,000	\$	610,000	\$	1,955,000	\$	1,150,000	\$	1,658,276	\$ 7,738,27	76

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT - (Continued)

Component Unit

Year Ending <u>June 30,</u>	Subordinate Capital Lo ncipal	<u>t</u>	<u>!</u>	Reve Principal	enue Notes Payab Interest	ole	<u>Total</u>
2011	\$ 72,000	\$ -	\$	620,000	\$ 1,306,689	\$	1,998,689
2012	72,000	_		650,000	1,280,328		2,002,328
2013	· -	-		675,000	1,252,443		1,927,443
2014	-	_		705,000	1,222,888		1,927,888
2015	-	-		735,000	1,191,573		1,926,573
2016-2019	-	-		4,230,000	5,413,484		9,643,484
2021-2025	_	-		5,405,000	4,229,521		9,634,521
2026-2030	_	-		7,110,000	2,525,858		9,635,858
2031-2033	_	-		5,330,000	458,640		5,788,640
Total	 144,000	 _		25,460,000	18,881,424		44,485,424
Less unamortized discount	-	-		(234,495)	-		(234,495)
Total	\$ 144,000	\$ -	\$	25,225,505	\$ 18,881,424	\$	44,250,929

Advance and Current Refundings

In October 2002, the City issued \$1,655,000 in sewer revenue bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.50% to 3.30% to refund the 1992 sewer revenue bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.80% to 6.10%. The City refunded the debt to reduce its total debt service payments over the next three years by \$28,053 and to obtain an economic gain of \$9,000.

In November 2002, the City issued \$940,000 in General Obligation Capital Loan Notes with interest rates ranging from 2.40% to 3.50% to refund the 1993 General Obligation Capital Loan Notes with interest rates ranging from 2.80% to 5.60%. The City refunded the debt to reduce its total debt service payments over the next six years by \$46,921 and to obtain an economic gain of \$1,400.

In July 2004, the City issued \$295,000 in general obligation capital loan notes with interest rates ranging from 2.20% to 3.45% to refund the 1995 general obligation capital loan notes with interest rates ranging from 4.80% to 6.10%. The City refunded the debt to reduce its total debt service payments for the next 6 years by approximately \$14,000 and obtain an economic gain of \$3,000.

In March 2010, the City issued \$2,425,000 in general obligation capital loan notes with interest rates ranging from 0.50% to 3.60% to purchase a new fire truck (\$300,000), to finance the construction of the downtown streetscape project (\$1,500,000) and \$625,000 to refund general obligation capital loan notes originally issued in 2002 and 2004.

Note 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT – (Continued)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-Term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions Reduction			eductions	Ending Balance		Due Withi One Year	
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:					,				
Bonds Payable: General Obligation Bonds Compensated Absences	\$ 7,785,000 59,153	\$	2,425,000 70,599	\$	1,450,000 59,153	\$	8,760,000 70,599	\$	850,000 70,599
Other Post Employment Benefits	7,580		7,580		-		15,160		
Governmental Activity Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 7,851,733	\$	2,503,179	\$	1,509,153	\$	8,845,759	\$	920,599
Business-Type Activities:		************							
Bonds Payable: Revenue Bonds Compensated Absences Other Post Employment Benefits	\$ 6,575,000 50,250 4,264	\$	60,829 4,264	\$	495,000 50,250	\$	6,080,000 60,829 8,528	\$	510,000 16,529
Business-Type Activity Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 6,629,514	\$	65,093	\$	545,250	\$	6,149,357	\$	526,529
Component Unit: Bonds Payable: Revenue Bonds	\$26,271,000	\$	-	\$	667,000	\$	25,604,000	\$	692,000

The City maintains a policy prohibiting the accumulation of compensated absences thus the total ending balance represents the amount expected to be paid within one year.

Note 8 - TRANSFERS

The following is a summary of transfers between funds:

	General		/ntown etscape	Total Transfers Out		
Nonmajor Governmental	\$	-	\$ _	\$	-	
General		-	10,000		10,000	
Road Use Tax		400,000	-		400,000	
Local Option Sales Tax		591,507	-		591,507	
Water		23,000	-		23,000	
Sewer		23,000	-		23,000	
Electric		235,967	-		235,967	
Total Transfers In	\$	1,273,474	\$ 10,000	\$	1,283,474	

Transfers are used to:

- 1. Move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them.
- 2. Use unrestricted revenues collected in proprietary funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 9 - PENSION AND RETIREMENT

<u>Iowa Public Employees Retirement System</u> - The City contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by State statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 4.10 percent of their annual covered salary and the City is required to contribute 6.35 percent of covered salary. Certain employees in special risk occupations and the City contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The City contribution to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$129,736, \$112,069, and \$105,083, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

In addition, the hospital component unit contribution to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$985,438, \$941,174, and \$847,707, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Note 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions during the year ended June 30, 2009.

<u>Plan Description</u> – The City operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan which provides medical/prescription drug benefits for retirees. There are 35 active and 0 retired members in the plan. Participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

The medical/prescription drug coverage is provided through a premium only plan with Wellmark. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefit as active employees, which results in an implicit subsidy and an OPEB liability.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the City. The City currently finances the retiree benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation – The City's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the City, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year ended June 30, 2010, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

Note 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$	12,965 - -
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	***************************************	12,965 (1,121)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation beginning of year	<u>. </u>	11,844 11,844
Net OPEB obligation end of year	\$	23,688

For calculation of the net OPEB obligation, the actuary has set the transition day as July 1, 2008. The end of year net OPEB obligation was calculated by the actuary as the cumulative difference between the actuarially determined funding requirements and the actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2009, which was used for June 30, 2010 financials as well.

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2009 and 2010, are summarized as follows:

		Percentage of Annual	
		OPEB Cost	
Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
June 30, 2010	\$ 12,965	8.7%	\$ 11,844
June 30, 2009	\$ 12,965	8.7%	\$ 11,844

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> – As of July 1, 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2009, the actuarial accrued liability was \$112,988, with no actuarial value of assets, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$112,988. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was approximately \$1,574,483 and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 7.2%. As of June 30, 2010, there were no trust fund assets.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumption about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information in the section following the Notes to Financial Statements, will present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are

Note 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

As of the July 1, 2008 actuarial valuation date using the Alternative Measurement Method (AMM) permitted under GASB Statement, a simplified version of the Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method was used. The actuarial assumptions includes a 4.5% discount rate based on the City's funding policy. The projected annual medical trend rate is 10%. The ultimate medical trend rate is 5.0%. The medical trend rate is reduced 1.0% each year until reaching the 5% ultimate rate.

Mortality rates are from the RP 2000 Mortality Table. Non-group specific age-based turnover data from Scale T-2 of the Actuary's Pension Handbook were used as the basis for assigning active members a probability of remaining employed until the assumed retirement age and for developing an expected future working lifetime assumption for purposes of allocating to periods the present value of total benefits to be paid.

Projected claim costs of the medical plan are \$10,999 per year for retirees less than age 65. The salary increase rate was assumed to be 3.0% per year. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll expense on an open basis over 30 years.

Note 11 - MAJOR CUSTOMER

During the year ended June 30, 2010, electric, water, sewer, and gas charges for services provided by the City to Advanced Brands, Inc. were \$1,734,799, \$158,309, \$162,242 and \$1,014,601, respectively. This represents 24%, 20%, 29% and 30%, respectively, of total charges for services.

Note 12 - RESERVES

The following schedule reflects all reservations of fund balances as presented in the fund level statements:

			D	ebt				
	Inv	entories	Service		Endowments		Total	
Special Revenue Road Use Tax	\$	14,640	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,640
Debt Service		-	4	42,202		-		42,202
Permanent Fund Cemetery Perpetual Care		-		_		82,825		82,825
Total Reserves of Fund Balances	\$	14,640	4	42,202	\$	82,825	\$	139,667

Note 13 - DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

The City has two funds with a deficit equity balance at June 30, 2010. The City intends to finance this deficit from various resources including; road use tax funds, general funds, special assessments, and capital project debt financing.

The individual fund deficit was as follows:

Capital Project – Downtown Streetscape	\$ 160,237
Capital Project Hawkeye Project	128,480

Note 14 - RISK FINANCING

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During the 2009-2010 fiscal year the City has elected to purchase commercial insurance to cover against the risk of loss. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years, nor were there settlements in excess of insurance coverage the last three years.

Note 15 - COMMITMENTS

There were no outstanding construction commitments at June 30, 2010.

Note 16 - INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE

The City is a participant in the Missouri Basin Municipal Electric Cooperative Association, a joint venture for the construction and maintenance of power lines from the Northwest Iowa Power Cooperative to the City Limits. The construction of the lines is accomplished by NIPCO and there are no actual dedicated lines, but rather an agreement which guarantees the municipalities the right to draw power over the lines at a raw power cost without transmission charges. The City owns a 26.81 percent share of the venture with twelve other cities sharing in the ownership at varying percentages. The City's investment in the joint venture is accounted for by the equity method in the Electric Fund.

Summary financial information of the joint venture for the year ended December 31, 2009 follows:

	Total
Assets	\$ 7,610,578
Liabilities	464,875
Equity	7,145,703
	7,610,578
Revenues	1,031,617
Expenses	1,148,786
Net (Decrease) in Equity	\$ (117,169)

The joint venture has no outstanding debt. Separately issued financial statements for the joint venture can be obtained directly from the MBMECA administrative offices.

Note 16 - INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE – (Continued)

The City is a participant in the Orange City Communications, a joint venture for the construction and maintenance of a high-speed data internet and telecommunications system. The City owns 50 percent share of the venture with Long Lines Limited, Inc. sharing equally in the ownership. Summary financial information of the joint venture for the year ended June 30, 2010 is as follows:

	Total
Assets	\$ 4,117,098
Liabilities	2,015,832
Equity	2,101,266
	4,117,098
Revenues	2,575,194
Expenses	2,107,246
Net Increase in Equity	\$ 467,948

Note 17 - Prior Period Adjustment

The City is a 50% owner in Orange City Communications. Prior to 2010, the investment was accounted for on the cost method. The investment is now being reported on the equity method. This change resulted in an increase in investment of \$591,659 and equity in the water fund of the same amount as of June 30, 2009.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, BUDGET AND ACTUAL, ALL GOVERNMENTAL AND PROPERIETARY FUNDS - GAAP BASIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Governmental Fund Type Actual	Proprietary Funds Actual
Revenue:		
Taxes	\$ 2,150,832	\$ -
Special Assessments	32,393	-
Licenses and Permits	3,927	-
Intergovernmental	826,938	-
Charges for Services	432,831	11,696,027
Fines and Forfeits	28,798	- -
Contributions from Property Owners	5,005	
TIF Revenue	563,314	
Local Option Sales Tax	596,463	-
Proceeds from Sale of Real Estate	161,850	-
Interest	7,586	15,464
Miscellaneous	164,507	105,173
Total Revenue	4,974,444	11,816,664
Expenditures:		
Public Safety	1 074 560	
Public Works	1,074,560	-
Culture and Recreation	1,128,217	-
	1,107,667 345,945	
Community and Economic Development General Government	601,476	-
Capital Projects	1,414,710	_
Debt Service	1,821,011	_
Business Type Activities	-	10,956,995
Total Expenditures	7,493,586	10,956,995
4		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,519,142)	859,669
Other financing sources (uses):		
Proceeds from Debt Financing	2,425,000	
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	27,850	⊷
Interfund Transfers In	1,283,474	_
Interfund Transfers Out	(1,001,507)	(281,967)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,734,817	(281,967)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources		
over expenditures and other financing uses	215,675	577,702
Fund balances-beginning of year	1,773,307	19,558,859
Fund balances- end of year	\$ 1,988,982	\$ 20,136,561

Orange City		Budgeted	Final Budget		
Municipal	Total			Favorable	
Hospital	Actual	Original	Final	(Unfavorable)	
\$ - -	\$ 2,150,832 32,393 3,927	\$ 2,186,029 46,000 4,175	\$ 2,186,029 46000 4,175	\$ (35,197) (13,607) (248)	
	826,938	725,290	753,290	73,648	
34,640,635	46,769,493	50,498,150	52,003,150	(5,233,657)	
-	28,798			28,798	
-	5,005	E 4 4 E 0 0	544.500	5,005	
-	563,314	544,500	544,500	18,814	
-	596,463			596,463	
173,538	161,850 196,588	271,000	271,000	161,850 (74,412)	
127,216	396,896	142,200	202,200	194,696	
34,941,389	51,732,497	54,417,344	56,010,344	(4,277,847)	
01,011,000	01,102,101	0,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(1,277,017)	
	1,074,560	742,629	1,100,029	25,469	
-	1,128,217	996,836	1,080,836	(47,381)	
-	1,107,667	1,106,090	1,138,090	30,423	
**	345,945	585,617	585,617	239,672	
-	601,476	578,192	618,192	16,716	
-	1,414,710	599,359	1,399,359	(15,351)	
35,093,382	1,821,011 46,050,377	1,002,150 48,360,292	1,642,150 52,860,292	(178,861)	
35,093,382	53,543,963	53,971,165	60,424,565	6,809,915 6,880,602	
33,093,302	33,343,303	33,871,103	00,424,000	0,000,002	
(151,993)	(1,811,466)	446,179	(4,414,221)	2,602,755	
-	2,425,000 27,850	1,438,000	2,865,000	(440,000) 27,850	
~	1,283,474	1,488,875	1,488,875	(205,401)	
-	(1,283,474)	(1,488,875)	(1,488,875)	205,401	
	2,452,850	1,438,000	2,865,000	(412,150)	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	And the second s	anna ann ann ann an dealaigh ann ann an ann an ann ann ann ann ann		
(151,993)	641,384	1,884,179	(1,549,221)	2,190,605	
24,145,770	45,477,936	45,838,734	45,838,734	(360,798)	
\$ 23,993,777	\$ 46,119,320	\$ 47,722,913	\$ 44,289,513	\$ 1,829,807	

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2010

The City's legal compliance for budget to actual comparison is specified in Chapter 384.16 of the Code of Iowa and is for expenditures by program/function. The City budgets on a modified accrual basis. The legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not at the fund or fund type level. Budgets are prepared on a program basis for all funds except the agency funds.

During the fiscal year 2010, the City held public hearings and amended the operating budget once. The amendment is as follows:

<u>Program</u>	Original <u>Budget</u>	5/17/10 <u>Amendment</u>	Amended <u>Budget</u>	
Public Safety	\$ 742,629	\$ 357,000	\$ 1,100,029	
Public Works	996,836	84,000	1,080,836	
Culture & Recreation	1,106,090	32,000	1,138,090	
General Government	578,192	40,000	618,192	
Capital Projects	599,359	800,000	1,399,359	
Debt Service	1,002,150	640,000	1,642,150	
Business Type/Enterprise	48,360,292	4,500,000	52,860,292	

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE RETIREE HEALTH PLAN For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended June 30	Actuarial Valuation Date		Val	tuarial lue of ssets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)- Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2009	July 1, 2008	*	\$	-	\$112,988	\$ 112,988		\$ 1,574,483	7.2%
2010	July 1, 2009		\$	-	\$112,988	\$ 112,988	0.00%	\$ 1,574,483	7.2%

^{*} Fiscal 2009 was the first year for calculating the Post Employment Benefit Obligation so information from previous years in not available.

See Note 12 in the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements for the plan description, funding policy, annual OPEB cost and Net OPEB Obligation, funding status and funding progress.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET Governmental Nonmajor Funds June 30, 2010

	Special		
·	Revenue	Capital	Projects
		Highway 10	
		Widening	Hawkeye
	TIF	Project	Project
Assets			
Cash and Pooled Investments	\$ 381,186	\$ 52,504	\$ -
Investments	-	-	~
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of allowance		-	
for uncollectibles)			
Subsequent Year Taxes	245,000	_	-
Total Assets	626,186	52,504	-
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	-	-	43,500
Due to Other Funds	26,010	-	84,980
Deferred Revenue - Subsequent Year Taxes	245,000	-	-
Total Liabilities	271,010	-	128,480
Fund Balances:			
Reserved for:			
Perpetual Care			
Unreserved	255 176	E2 E04	(400 400)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	355,176 355,176	52,504 52,504	(128,480)
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 626,186		(128,480)
rotar Liabinines and Equity	φ 020,100 ——————————————————————————————————	\$ 52,504	\$ -

Capit	al Projects				
-			Permanet		
	Airport ovements	P	Cemetery erpetual Care Fund	G	overnmental Nonmajor Funds
\$	2,965 -	\$	82,825	\$	436,655 82,825
	- 2,965		82,825		245,000 764,480
	-		-		43,500
	-		-		110,990
			_		245,000
	-				399,490
			00.555		00.05
	-		82,825		82,825
	2,965		-		282,165
	2,965		82,825	Φ.	364,990
\$	2,965	\$	82,825	\$	764,480

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Governmental Nonmajor Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Special		
	Revenue	Capital	Projects
		Highway 10	
		Widening	Hawkeye
	TIF	Project	Project
Revenue:			
TIF Revenue	\$ 299,488	\$ -	\$ -
Proceeds from Sale of Real Estate	161,850	-	-
Miscellaneous	-	_	-
Total Revenue	461,338	-	-
Expenditures:			
Capital Projects	34,000		128,480
Debt Service:	- 1,4		,20, 100
Principal Retirement	125,000	_	-
Interest	30,096	_	-
Total Expenditures	189,096		128,480
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	272,242	-	(128,480)
Net Change in Fund Balance	272,242	-	(128,480)
Fund balances (Deficits)-beginning of year	82,934	52,504	-
Fund balances (Deficits)- end of year	\$ 355,176	\$ 52,504	\$ (128,480)

Capital I	Projects	<u> </u>	manent			
Airp		Perpe	metery tual Care		vernmental lonmajor	
Improv	ements	r	und		Funds	
\$		\$	***	\$	299,488	
	-				161,850	
	4,295		3,825		8,120	
	4,295		3,825		469,458	
	3,895		-		166,375	
	_		-	125,000		
	-	_			30,096	
****	3,895			321,471		
	400		3,825		147,987	
	400		3,825		147,987	
	2,565		79,000		217,003	
\$	2,965	\$	82,825	\$	364,990	

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS Agency Fund June 30, 2010

	Payroll Clearing
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 36,781
Total Assets	36,781
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	36,781
Total Liabilities	36,781
NET ASSETS	
Unrestricted	_
Total Net Assets	\$ -

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	 lance y 1, 2009	Additions	D	eductions	Balance June 30, 2010
PAYROLL CLEARING	 **************************************	 			
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 23,600	\$ 1,690,039	\$	1,676,858	\$ 36,781
Total Assets	 23,600	1,690,039		1,676,858	36,781
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Accounts Payable	23,600	1,690,039		1,676,858	36,781
Total Liabilities	\$ 23,600	\$ 1,690,039	\$	1,676,858	\$ 36,781

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Orange City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	75
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	78
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	82
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Operating Information	92
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	
Demographic and Economic Information	96
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within the government's financial activities take place.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Orange City
Net Assests by Component
Last Seven Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

						Fiscal Year				
(3overnmental Activities	2004		2005		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted	\$ 9,491,848	€	10,245,341 104,647	↔	10,447,176 103,957	\$ 11,505,090 109,467	\$ 11,563,418 96,313	\$ 10,910,100	\$ 10,393,481	37
Unrestricted	1,346,380		(3,044,617)		(2,496,606)	(2,131,149)	(1,054,152)	(1,186,561)	(2,184,050)	00
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 10,933,937	69	7,305,371	↔	8,054,527	\$ 9,483,408	\$ 10,605,579	\$ 9,817,240	\$ 9,679,203	23
Business-type activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 8,491,081	↔	9,243,826	↔	9,908,173	\$ 10,124,878	\$ 10,657,299	\$ 10,959,620	\$ 11,196,648	8
Restricted	•		2,828,947		1,098,131	1,183,353	1,212,682	1,103,948	1,106,148	∞
Unrestricted	7,993,884		4,889,654		6,657,609	6,183,553	6,393,401	6,903,632	7,833,765	35
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 16,484,965	€>	16,962,427	↔	17,663,913	\$ 17,491,784	\$ 18,263,382	\$ 18,967,200	\$ 20,136,561	-
Primary government										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 17,982,929	↔	19,489,167	↔	20,355,349	\$ 21,629,968	\$ 22,220,717	\$ 21,869,720	\$ 21,590,129	<u>ق</u>
Restricted	95,709		2,933,594		1,202,088	1,292,820	1,308,995	1,197,649	2,575,920	0
Unrestricted	9,340,264		1,845,037		4,161,003	4,052,404	5,339,249	5,717,071	5,649,715	2
Total primary government net assets	\$ 27,418,902	\$	24,267,798	€	25,718,440	\$ 26,975,192	\$ 28,868,961	\$ 28,784,440	\$ 29,815,764	4

Note: GASB 34 implemented in 2004 and therefore only 7 years presented.

City of Orange City Changes in Net Assets Last Seven Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Expenses	0007			,			
Governmental activities:							
Public Safety	\$ 648,483	\$ 571,640	\$ 615,728	\$ 628,231	\$ 717,219	\$ 767,486	\$ 795,713
Public Works			1,554,367	1,726,845	1,922,753	1,842,509	1,121,275
Culture and Recreation	1,104,755	923,700	934,012	1,008,064	772,638	1.702.991	2.149,142
Community and Economic Develonment	88 717	3 510 694	66 129	348,231	338.867	418,230	475.593
Consul Consumment	436 500	78,015,0 747,857	702 510	727.357	760,050	451 370	543.010
Cellelal Covernitelli	59C,00C+	770,74	010,201	100,125	402,200	1.0.10	יייי יייייי יייייייייייייייייייייייייי
Capital Flojects	201,862	701 507	724 200	363 550	220,022	404 733	229 953
Debt service	147,6470	700,107	064,626	000,000	337,423	007,404	230,022
Total governmental activities expenses	4,262,982	7,233,543	4,198,202	4,502,278	5,037,476	5,587,328	5,423,586
Business-Type Activities:							
Electric	3,969,124	4,360,760	4,649,895	5,098,083	5,496,756	6,170,727	6,582,661
Water	591,156	673,470	715,885	725,194	754,465	762,179	845,775
Sewer	456,873	478,203	472,866	466,201	490,251	477,046	533,308
Gas	2,887,306	3,257,135	4,501,118	4,106,127	4,360,806	3,754,752	2,995,251
Total business-type activities expenses	7,904,459	8,769,568	10,339,764	10,395,605	11,102,278	11,164,704	10,956,995
Total primary government expenses	12,167,441	16,003,111	14,537,966	14,897,883	16,139,754	16,752,032	16,380,581
Program Revenues							
Governmental activities:							
Charges for services:	111 832	120 206	117 314	102 70	ı	10.034	22 835
r uplic paiety	200711	120,200	110,711	126,12	701 200	107 800	75V 7CC
Public Works	154,969	202,243	321,340	704,800	771,507	16/,471	454,077
Health and Social Services	4,283				1	2 1 1 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	4 6
Culture and Recreation	104,938	108,247	118,718	204,205	154,678	202,769	198,059
Community & Economic Development			25,635	25,511	17,086	19,751	58,036
General Government	64,542	79,788	17,416	12,002	8,549	30,341	12,809
Capital Projects		64,195		·		*	
Operating grants and contributions	53,302	136,151	68,957	682,784	619,533	1,129,518	711,108
Capital grants and contributions	107,570		353,962	187,158	853,361	361,549	115,830
Total governmental activities program revenues	601,436	710,830	1,023,342	1,343,781	1,856,334	1,979,653	1,345,111
Business-type activities:							
Charges for services:	0000	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1	1 0 0 0	000	000 (877)	700 700
Electric	4,536,237	4,635,959	5,151,705	5,459,146	6,010,908	0,042,889	/50,0/0,/
Water	704,566	773,316	865,743	841,357	805,151	818,193	785,796
Sewer	721,442	533,921	556,229	544,123	535,191	629,144	546,929
Gas	3,076,476	3,332,471	4,629,777	4,224,868	4,559,301	3,985,313	3,286,965
Total business-type activities program revenues	9,038,721	9,275,667	11,203,454	11,069,494	11,910,551	12,075,539	11,696,027
Total primary government program revenues	9,640,157	9,986,497	12,226,796	12,413,275	13,766,885	14,055,192	13,041,138
Net (expense)/revenue Governmental activities	(3,661,546)	(6,522,713)	(3,174,860)	(3,158,497)	(3,181,142)	(3,607,675)	(4,078,475)
Business-tyne activities	1 134 262	\$00 905	863 690	673 889	808 273	910835	739.032
Dualities of type activities	4,134,202		1	5	3	0	\$ (3 339 443)
i otat primary government net expense		3 (0,010,014)	(2,311,170)	3 (2,464,008)	\$ (2,3/2,609)	(2,070,040)	

 City of Orange City
Changes in Net Assets
Last Seven Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

						Fiscal Year						
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets	2004		2005	2006		2007	2	2008		2009		2010
Governmental activities: Taxes												
Property taxes	\$ 1,598,367	57 \$	1,617,548	\$ 2,264,411	↔	2,460,542	↔	2,511,016	∨,	2,671,193	₩	2,715,434
Educal option sales tax Unrestricted grants and contributions	420,339	0	C/C,100			210,000						
Investment Earnings	19,059	69	36,154	41,833		102,119		93,735		28,217		7,586
General Intergovernmental Revenue	518,541		467,121	467,540		ı				,		
Gain on Sale of Assets	*			ŧ		38,640		•		3,000		189,700
Miscellaneous	156,570	70	46,997	228,319		106,100		926,494		189,587		149,288
Transfers	199,663	53	220,926	326,004		1,321,665		243,448		319,120		281,967
Total governmental activities	2,938,358	88	2,990,319	3,856,016		4,587,378	7	4,382,454		3,853,720		3,940,438
Business-type activities												
Investment Earnings	84,953	33	82,711	126,627		154,986		172,553		63,023		15,464
Miscellaneous	76,445	15	81,406	37,173		95,661		34,220		49,080		105,173
Transfers	(199,663)	(5)	(220,926)	(326,004)		(1,321,665)		(243,448)		(319,120)		(281,967)
Total business-type activities	(38,265)	(5)	(56,809)	(162,204)		(1,071,018)		(36,675)		(207,017)		(161,330)
Total primary government	2,900,093	33	2,933,510	3,693,812		3,516,360	7	4,345,779		3,646,703		3,779,108
Change in Net Assets												
Governmental activities	(723,188)	(8)	(3,532,394)	681,156		1,428,881		1,201,312		246,045		(138,037)
Business-type activities	1,095,997	7.	449,290	701,486	Language Control of the Control of t	(397,129)		771,598		703,818		577,702
Total primary government	\$ 372,809	8 60	(3,083,104)	\$ 1,382,642	8	1,031,752	\$	1,972,910	~	949,863	\$	439,665

Note: GASB 34 implemented in 2004 and therefore only 7 years presented.

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City of Orange City Governmental Activities Tax Revenues By Source Last Seven Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Property <u>Tax</u>	Sales <u>Tax</u>	Mo	tel/Hotel <u>Tax</u>		<u>Total</u>
2004	\$ 1,598,367	\$ 420,939	\$	-		\$ 2,019,306
2005	1,617,548	601,573		_		2,219,121
2006	2,264,411	490,917		36,992	1	2,792,320
2007	2,460,542	523,641		34,671		3,018,854
2008	2,511,016	574,054		33,707		3,118,777
2009	2,681,252	610,329		32,274		3,323,855
2010	2,714,146	567,477		28,986		3,310,609

1 First year of tax

Note: GASB 34 implemented in 2004 and therefore only 7 years presented.

City of Orange City
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Seven Fiscal Years
(modified accural basis of accounting)

						pales	Fiscal Year						
	2004	71	2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		$\underline{2010}$
General fund													
Unreserved	\$ 872,926	€	1,099,175	69	1,098,999	69	1,308,413	8	1,147,069	69	1,018,865	69	726,767
Total General Fund	\$ 872,926	\$	\$ 1,099,175	↔	1,098,999	8	1,308,413	6	1,147,069	8	\$ 1,018,865	8	726,767
All other governmental funds													
Reserved	\$ 110,745	↔	119,480	↔	121,990	↔	125,079	69	140,039	↔	142,036	↔	139,667
Onreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds Capital project funds	762,553 (592,550)		703,759		864,920 (1,252,923)		1,045,140	-	1,177,108		993,887		1,355,796 (233,248)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 280,748	8	(697,372)	↔	(266,013)	8	1,186,829	69	987,036	↔	754,442	\$	1,262,215

Note: GASB 34 implemented in 2004 and therefore only 7 years presented.

City of Orange City Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Seven Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

			 Fisca	al Yea	ìr	
		2004	2005		2006	2007
Revenues						
axes a	\$	1,458,609	\$ 1,609,486	\$	1,860,705	\$ 1,970,930
Special Assessments		109,077	64,194		-	-
icenses and permits		4,295	4,570		3,834	3,653
ntergovernmental		714,322	696,446		955,020	776,619
Charges for services		266,871	322,652		296,673	396,031
ines and Forfeits		15,218	28,854		25,988	24,537
Contributions from Property Owners		25,219	34,793		21,084	12,965
IF Revenue		139,758	163,965		437,610	487,942
ocal Options Sales Tax		420,938	437,608		527,909	558,312
nvestment Earnings		19,059	36,155		41,834	102,119
Aiscellaneous		162,602	 78,438		416,602	236,076
`otal revenues	\$	3,335,968	\$ 3,477,161	\$	4,587,259	\$ 4,569,184
Expenditures						
'ublic safety		613,755	536,420		609,050	618,705
'ublic works		632,850	616,102		777,744	776,065
Culture and recreation		1,021,654	798,874		819,792	906,654
Community and economic development		88,712	57,082		63,075	349,564
Beneral government		430,926	413,772		713,236	428,095
Capital projects		716,091	5,048,122		1,867,298	1,935,310
Debt service						,
Principal		460,000	780,000		695,000	780,000
Interest		193,759	266,210		393,084	358,240
`otal expenditures		4,157,747	 8,516,582		5,938,279	 6,152,633
Excess of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(821,779)	(5,039,421)		(1,351,020)	(1,583,449)
)ther financing sources (uses)						
ssuance of Debt		705,000	4,095,000		1,385,000	450,000
'roceeds From Sale of Fixed Assets		-	-		-	38,640
`ransfers In		1,130,113	1,133,175		1,275,555	2,267,414
ransfers Out		(930,450)	 (912,249)		(949,551)	 (945,749)
'otal other financing sources (uses)	·	904,663	 4,315,926	Market Market Street Control	1,711,004	 1,810,305
let change in fund balances	\$	82,884	\$ (723,495)	\$	359,984	\$ 226,856
Debt Service as a percentage of noncapital xpenditures		15.7%	12.3%		18.0%	18.4%

Jote: GASB 34 implemented in 2004 therefore only 7 years presented.

City of Orange City Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Seven Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

 	F	iscal Year	
2008		2009	2010
\$ 2,030,435	\$	2,114,229	\$ 2,150,832
-		-	32,393
5,120		3,859	3,927
1,857,893		1,491,067	826,938
381,090		434,216	432,831
31,304		25,239	28,798
9,686		6,788	5,005
496,167		567,023	563,314
607,761		642,603	596,463
93,737		29,767	7,586
 499,514	,	209,521	 326,357
\$ 6,012,707	\$	5,524,312	\$ 4,974,444
896,293		882,662	1,074,560
937,386		1,055,055	1,128,842
1,194,084		1,492,116	1,107,667
337,597		418,465	345,945
453,942		428,584	601,476
1,799,431		718,347	1,414,710
870,000		825,000	1,450,000
352,962		384,001	371,011
 6,841,695		6,204,230	 7,494,211
0,0 (1,0)		0,20 1,23 0	
(828,988)		(679,918)	(2,519,767)
1 (50 000			2 425 000
1,650,000		-	2,425,000
12,224		0.005.760	27,850
1,276,556		2,085,762	1,273,474
 (1,033,108)		(1,766,642)	 (991,507)
 1,905,672		319,120	 2,734,817
\$ 1,076,684	\$	(360,798)	\$ 215,050
26.5%		24.2%	30.0%

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Vears City of Orange City

Assessed Value as a	Percentage of Estimated	Actual Value	63.44%	65.03%	%10.19	%12.19	62.39%	62.30%	61.37%	29.67%	58.00%	%0.005
	Estimated Actual	Value	167,974,215	172,747,397	187,774,817	198,234,269	214,254,914	221,424,879	243,879,183	254,678,435	278,749,609	286 666 979
Total	Assessed	Value	\$ 106,564,258 \$	112,342,093	114,559,136	122,337,064	133,670,239	137,943,969	149,657,607	151,970,640	161,682,541	171,914,297
sa	Estimated Actual	Value	386,645	345,740	405,828	457,062	446,521	2,881,675	4,698,999	1,423,254	1,576,622	1,622,383
Utilities	Assessed	value	\$ 386,645 \$	345,740	405,828	457,062	446,521	2,881,675	4,698,999	1,423,254	1,576,622	1,622,383
erty	Estimated Actual	vaiue	167,587,570	172,401,657	187,368,989	197,777,207	213,808,393	218,543,204	239,180,184	253,255,181	277,172,987	285,044,596
Real Property	Assessed	v alue	\$ 106,177,613 \$	111,996,353	114,153,308	121,880,002	133,223,718	135,062,294	144,958,608	150,547,386	160,105,919	170,291,914
Fiscal	Year Ended	or aline	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010

Source: Assessed Values are obtained from the Sioux County Courthouse - Assessor's Office.

Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years City of Orange City Property Tax Rates

	Total	Direct &	Overlapping	Rates	28.0489	27.9828	29.1368	30.4076	32.9924	34.2707	34.0237	33.9899	32.6483	31.8770
		Area	Vocational	School	0.52226	0.53380	0.54774	0.65433	0.58447	0.58365	0.66202	0.67287	0.68751	0.65473
	rict	Total	School	Millage	12.39183	12.15324	12.60600	12.78323	14.09243	12.77977	12.70694	12.71788	11.99370	11.99250
10	MOC-FV School District	Debt	Service	Millage	1.78347	1.69767	1.60667	1.51623	1.68975	0.35027	0.36235	1	ì	ı
Overlapping Rates	MOC-F)		Operating	Millage	10.60836	10.45557	10.99933	11.26700	12.40268	12.42950	12.34459	12.71788	11.99370	11.99250
		Total	County	Millage	3.53287	3.51674	3.93682	4.64743	5.06682	6.14423	6.13163	6.03393	5.60640	5.51633
	Sioux County	Debt	Service	Millage	1	ı	0.42170	0.23157	1	0.20000	0.23671	0.40462	0.40840	0.44328
	Si		Operating	Millage	3.53287	3.51674	3.51512	4.41586	5.06682	5.94423	5.89492	5.62931	5.19800	5.07305
	ty	Total	City	Millage	11.6019	11.7790	12.0462	12.3226	13.2486	14.7630	14.5231	14.5652	14.3607	13.7134
	City of Orange City	Debt	Service	Millage	3.9763	4.0786	4.3529	4.5524	5.0902	7.0606	6.8721	6.8502	6.5598	5.8294
	City (Operating	Millage	7.6257	7.7004	7.6933	7.7702	8.1585	7.7024	7.6510	7.7150	7.8009	7.8840
			Fiscal	Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010

Taxes due July 1

Taxes delinquent first half - October 1; second half - April 1.

Penalties for delinquency: 1.5 percent per month.

Discount allowed: none

Uncollected taxes handled as follows: delinquent real estate tax list published in newspaper prior to May 16.

Taxes collected by Sioux County and distributed to the City of Orange City in proportion of its levy to all levies.

Tax sale date: first Monday in June.

Source: The tax rates are obtained from the Sioux County Courthouse - Auditor's Office.

City of Orange City Principal Property Taxpayers June 30, 2010

			2010				2000	
Taxpayer		Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed		Assessed <u>Value</u>	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed
Staples Inc (Welsh)	↔	9,268,450		3.2%	↔	11,678,620		7.2%
Vogel Enterprises Inc.		7,969,564	2	2.8%		4,892,930	2	3.0%
Advanced Brands LLC		5,319,160	m	1.9%		ı		%0.0
Pizza Ranch Headquarters		2,258,110	4	%8.0		i		%0.0
OCDC, Inc.		1,465,800	∞	%9.0		I		%0.0
Krull Ltd.		1,685,170	5	%9.0	•	ŗ		%0.0
lowa State Bank Orange City		1,515,870	7	0.5%		1		%0.0
Midwest Farmers Coop		1,635,140	9	0.5%		852,382	4	0.5%
Northwest Rural Electric Coop		1,339,499	6	0.5%		ı		%0.0
Dutch Colony Inn		1,335,350	10	0.5%		ı		%0.0
Frontier Telephone						386,645	6	0.2%
Kepp Realty						532,232	7	0.3%
Kraai Furniture						494,803	∞	0.3%
Northwestern Bank Orange City						639,017	5	0.4%
Orange Colony Investors						464,889	9	0.3%
Excel Specialty Products		í				2,637,706	33	1.6%
Totals	64	33,792,113		11.8%	8	22,579,224		14.0%

Source: Assessed Values are obtained from the Sioux County Courthouse - Assessor's Office.

City of Orange City
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

ections te	% of Levy	102.74%	105.06%	101.98%	%66.96	102.23%	100.13%	100.32%	100.29%	100.72%	101.11%
Total Collections to Date	Amount	1,289,639	1,428,917	1,467,196	1,531,410	1,609,486	1,860,705	1,970,930	2,030,435	2,114,229	2,150,832
		↔									
Delinquent Tax	Collections	ı	Î	i	1	ı	ī	,	į		i
ithin the f the Levy	% of Levy	102.74%	105.06%	101.98%	%66'96	102.23%	100.13%	100.32%	100.29%	100.72%	101.11%
Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy	Amount	\$ 1,289,639	1,428,917	1,467,196	1,531,410	1,609,486	1,860,705	1,970,930	2,030,435	2,114,229	2,150,832
Total Tax Levy for	Fiscal Year	\$ 1,255,218	1,360,160	1,438,760	1,578,960	1,574,394	1,858,206	1,964,663	2,024,653	2,099,098	2,127,308
Fiscal Year Ended	6/30	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Orange City Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Per	Capita	\$ 1,167	939	1,060	1,107	2,162	2,665	2,696	2,755	2,813	2,569	2,655
	%	of Personal	Income						494.14%	499.95%	510.73%	521.51%	476.40%	492.32%
	Total	Primary	Government	5,765,000	5,250,000	5,925,000	6,185,000	12,085,000	14,895,000	15,070,000	15,395,000	15,720,000	14,360,000	14,840,000
			0	↔										
		Gas	Bonds	Í	ŧ	ŧ	1	1,660,000	1,580,000	1,500,000	1,415,000	1,330,000	1,240,000	1,150,000
ties		Sewer	Bonds	\$ 000,206	775,000	1,640,000	1,500,000	1,340,000	1,170,000	1,000,000	910,000	815,000	715,000	610,000
Business-Type Activities		Water	Bonds	1,085,000 \$	985,000	880,000	775,000	2,810,000	2,670,000	2,525,000	2,375,000	2,220,000	2,060,000	1,955,000
-		Electric	Bonds	\$ 000,098	585,000	300,000	ı	2,120,000	2,005,000	1,885,000	2,865,000	2,745,000	2,560,000	2,365,000
				69										
Governmental Activities	General	Obligation	Bonds	2,915,000	2,905,000	3,105,000	3,910,000	4,155,000	7,470,000	8,160,000	7,830,000	8,610,000	7,785,000	8,760,000
Cov.		0		€Э										
		Fiscal	Year	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 96 for personal income and popluation data.

City of Orange City Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	(General Obligation <u>Bonds</u>	Avail	: Amounts able in Debt vice Fund	<u>Total</u>	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	:	Per <u>Capita</u>
2001	\$	2,905,000	\$	52,136	\$ 2,852,864	1.70	\$	510.44
2002		3,105,000		69,792	3,035,208	1.76		543.07
2003		3,910,000		86,413	3,823,587	2.04		684.13
2004		4,155,000		51,637	4,103,363	2.07		734.19
2005		7,470,000		34,407	7,435,593	3.47		1,330.40
2006		8,160,000		21,201	8,138,799	3.72		1,456.22
2007		7,830,000		24,606	7,805,394	3.26		1,396.56
2008		8,610,000		47,569	8,562,431	3.31		1,458.18
2009		7,785,000		49,021	7,735,979	2.80		1,384.14
2010		8,760,000		42,202	8,717,798	3.07		1,559.81

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.

See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

City of Orange City Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2010

Governmental Unit	<u>O</u> ı	Debt utstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of verlapping <u>Debt</u>
Debt repaid with property taxes: School District	\$	203,409	45.89%	\$ 93,344
Debt repaid with property taxes; Sioux County		8,960,000	14.63%	1,310,848
Subtotal, overlapping debt				\$ 1,404,192
City of Orange City direct debt				 8,760,000
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 10,164,192

Jources: Debt outstanding data provided by the school and Sioux County Auditor Office.

dote: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates he portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Drange City. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire lebt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer s a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were stimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing t by the county's total taxable assessed value.

City of Orange City Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

2010	14,333,349	8,717,798	5,615,551	60.82%		\$ 286,666,979	14,333,349 8,760,000 (42,202) 8,717,798	5,615,551
2009	\$ 13,817,547 \$	7,735,979	\$ 6,081,568 \$	55,99%		39		**
2008	\$ 12,662,759	8,562,431	\$ 4,100,328	67.62%				
2007	\$12,193,959	7,805,394	\$ 4,388,565	64.01%	Logal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2010		ue) repayment of Iimit	
2006	\$11,071,244	8,128,733	\$ 2,942,511	73.42%	gin Calculation for	Assessed value Add back: exempt real property Total assessed value	Debt limit (5% of total assessed value) Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general obligation debt Total net debt applicable to limit	gin
2005	\$10,712,746	7,435,593	\$ 3,277,153	69.41%	Legal Debt Mar	Assessed value Add back: exempt re Total assessed value	Debt limit (5% of total a Debt applicable to limit: General obligatic Less: Amount se general obliga Total net debt ap	Legal debt margin
2004	\$ 9,882,991	4,127.291	\$ 5,755,700	41.76%				
2003	\$ 9,425,888	3,823.587	\$ 5,602,301	40.56%				
2002	\$ 8.654.875	3,035,208	2 5,619,667	35.07%				
2001	\$ 8.414,337	2,852,864	\$ 5,561,473	33.90%				
	Debt Limit	Total net deht applicable to limit	Legal debt margin	Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percenage of debt limit				

Seed their ware finance has the City of Compe. City's outstanding general soligation data should not exceed 5 percent of solit assessed property when. By hav, the general obligation data in this financian is a sister for repuying general obligation broads.

Perves Chies othersise integrate in inferentian in these selectures is derived from the comprehensive minut financial reports for the relecting year.

City of Orange City Fledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Coverage	2.76 2.60 3.08 19.55 5.31 5.70 5.70 5.04	4.20 4.20 Coverage	1.69 1.94 2.29 2.95 1.73	2.00 1.86 1.58 1.63
vice Interest	\$ 31,149 21,933 6,360 54,302 71,539 69,598 67,228	109,828 103,259 vice Interest	49,271 44,129 39,129 18,655 106,136	103,638 100,573 98,444 93,700 90,147
Debt Service Principal I	\$ 275,000 285,000 300,000 115,000 120,000 120,000	195,000 Debt Service	100,000 105,000 105,000 115,000	145,000 150,000 155,000 160,000
Net Available <u>Revenue</u>	\$ 843,799 798,685 943,938 1,061,454 990,990 1,079,784 1,067,809 1,174,939	1,262,462 1,253,986 Net Available <u>Revenue</u>	252,820 289,784 330,253 394,707 426,621	496,751 467,017 400,649 414,512 375,232
Less: Operating <u>Expenses</u>	\$ 3,032,551 3,217,049 3,387,989 3,548,978 3,673,367 4,119,213 4,924,582	5,855,120 5,855,120 Less: Operating Expenses	391,896 379,238 367,933 344,796 365,148	403,089 412,036 436,143 434,916 472,818
Electric Charges and Other	\$ 3.876,350 4,015,734 4,331,927 4,610,432 4,664,357 5,198,997 5,526,151 6,099,521	0,694,451 7,109,106 Water Charges and Other	644,716 669,022 698,186 739,503 791,769	879,840 879,053 836,792 849,428 848,050
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	2009 2010 Piscal <u>Year</u>	2002 2003 2003 2004 2005	2006 2007 2008 2010

Note: Operating Expenses do not include depreciation expense

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Vears City of Orange City

	Coverage	1.88	1.97	1.72	2.42	1.38	1.51	2.22	2.08	2.70	1.86			Coverage			5.46	1.67	1.41	1.89	1.84	2.36	2.45	2.90
rvice	Interest	\$ 51,890	87,819	81,103	64,438	60,038	54,853	49,243	46,120	41,567	36,646		rvice	Interest	1	î	46,133	84,730	71,455	61,898	60,138	62,632	57,548	54,598
Debt Service	Principal	\$ 130,000	135,000	155,000	160,000	170,000	170,000	000'06	95,000	100,000	105,000		Debt Service	Principal	ı	1	1	115,000	80,000	80,000	85,000	85,000	90,000	000'06
Net Available	Revenue	\$ 341,144	437,961	405,788	543,990	316,834	340,404	309,444	293,995	381,535	262,944	Net	Available	Revenue	1	i	251,908	333,354	213,776	268,611	267,045	348,033	361,323	419,455
Less: Operating	Expenses	\$ 193,088	201,980	238,419	224,702	247,456	253,267	268,559	272,846	272,149	307,400	Less:	Operating	Expenses	ı	ī	2,180,805	2,746,305	3,124,186	4,368,962	3,974,228	4,231,917	3,628,756	2,869,709
Sewer Charges	and Other	\$ 534,232	639,941	644,207	768,692	564,290	593,671	578,003	566,841	653,684	570,344	Gas	Charges	and Other	1	ţ	2,432,713	3,079,659	3,337,962	4,637,573	4,241,273	4,579,950	3,990,079	3,289,164
Fiscal	Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010		Fiscal	Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010

Note: Operating Expenses do not include depreciation expense

City of Orange City Principal Employers June 30, 2010

	Percentage of Total City Employment	10.74%	6.26%	6.71%	0.89%	1.79%	3.35%	8.23%	1.07%	0.72%	0.54%	40.29%
2006	Rank	,	4	ы	8	9	5	7	_	6	10	
	Employees	009	350	375	50	100	187	460	09	40	30	2,252
	Percentage of Total City Employment	8.09%	7.66%	5.96%	0.68%	1.28%	3.07%	8.51%	1.02%	1.18%	0.51%	37.96%
2010	Rank	7	3	4	6	9	5		∞	7	10	
	Employees	475	450	350	40	75	180	200	09	69	30	2,229
	Employer	Advance Brands	Staples Inc.	Diamond Vogel Paints	EZ Liner Industrial	Med-Tec Inc.	Northwestern College	Orange City Health System	Revival Animal Health	Tec Industries/Quatro	Silent Drive	Total

Note: Source for this data was obtained from Iowa Workforce Development

Note: Information not available prior to 2006

City of Orange City
Full-Time Equilvalent City Government Employees by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
General Government	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Public Safety Police Officers	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Highways and streets	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Culture and recreation	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
Library	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Electric	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Water	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Sewer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gas	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Total	36	36	36	36	36	37	37	37	37	37

Sources: Various city departments.

City of Orange City Operating Indicators by Function/Program June 30, 2010

Function/Program	2006	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>
r anodom rogiam					
General Government					
Zoning Permits Issued	106	66	97	79	86
Police					
Physical Arrests	96	102	126	93	102
Parking Violations	246	239	310	240	252
Traffic Violations	373	355	384	284	291
Fire					
Emergency Responses	48	51	56	49	61
Fires Extinguished	13	8	7	6	4
Refuse Collection					
Refuse collected (tons per day)	8	8	8	9	10
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	1	1	1	1	1
Parks & Recreation					
Pool Passes Issued (Budget Pass)	205	130	114	113	122
Pool Passes Issued (Individual Pass)	88	73	75	53	78
Pool Passes Issued (Family Pass)	250	276	302	74	224
Pool Passes Issued (Senior Pass)	11	10	10	4	76
Library					
Volumes in collection	63,895	63,905	63,905	63,905	63,905
Total volumes borrowed	228,650	226,250	226,250	226,250	226,250
Water					
New connections	28	20	8	5	9
Water main breaks	2	3	2	1	3
Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	1,005	953	916	887	983
Peak daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	1,900	2,028	2,028	1,700	1,500
Wastewater					
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	1,000	950	913	884	1,149

Sources: Various city departments.

Note: GASB 44 implemented in 2006 and therefore only 5 years presented.

City of Orange City Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Five Fiscal Years

Function/Ducases	2006	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>
<u>Function/Program</u>					
Police					
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	4	4	4	4	4
Fire Station	1	1	1	1	1
Other Public Works					
Streets (miles)	46	47	47	47	47
Streetlights	958	961	985	889	927
Traffic Signals	2	2	2	2	2
Parks and recreation					
Aceage	223	223	230	230	230
Playgrounds	4	4	4	5	5
Baseball/softball diamonds	2	2	2	2	2
Soccer/football fields	4	4	4	4	4
Community Center	1	1	1	1	1
Water					
Water Mains (miles)	45	47	47	47	47
Fire Hydrants	275	275	282	282	282
Storage capacity (thousands of gallons)	950	950	950	950	950
Wastewater					
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	41	41	41	41	41
Storm Sewer (miles)	19	19	19	19	19
Treatment capacity (thousands of gallons)	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000

Sources: Various city departments

Note: GASB 44 implemented in 2006 and therefore only 5 years presented.

City of Orange City Demographic and Economic Statistics

Calendar <u>Year</u>	Population	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income	Median <u>Age</u>	Education Level in Years of Schooling	School <u>Enrollment</u>	Unemployment <u>Rate</u>
2005	5,589	30,143	17,413	27.9	13	999	2.6%
2006	5,589	30,143	17,413	27.9	13	999	2.6%
2007	5,589	30,143	17,413	27.9	13	999	2.6%
2008	5,872	30,143	17,413	27.9	13	1950	2.3%
2009	5,872	30,143	22,142	28.5	16	1940	3.9%
2010	5,872	30,143	22,142	28.5	16	1940	3.9%

Sources: Population, median age, and educational level information provided by the United States Census Bureau. School enrollment data provided by the Orange City school districts.

Note: Personal Income is a total for the year. Unemployment rate information is an adjusted yearly average. School enrollment is based on the census at the start of the school year.

Note: GASB 44 implemented in 2005 and therefore only 6 years presented.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON OHTHER MATTERS AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Members of the City Council City of Orange City, Iowa

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City of Orange City, Iowa's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2010. We did not audit the financial statements of the Orange City Municipal Hospital, a discretely presented component unit, which statements reflect total assets of \$53,999,479 and total operating revenues of \$34,768,498 for the year then ended. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion on these financial statements, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Orange City Municipal Hospital, was based solely on the report of the other auditors. The report on the Orange City Municipal Golf Association, a discretely presented component unit was disclaimed due to the inability to satisfy ourselves as to the completeness of revenue reported on those financial statements. Except as discussed above, we conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency and a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detects and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and to be a material weakness.

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. While we have expressed our conclusions on the City's response, we did not audit the City's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Compliance and Other Matters:

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2010 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the City. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes. Prior year statutory comments have all been resolved.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the City Council, management and others within the City of Orange City, Iowa, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City during the course of our audit.

If you have any questions concerning the above matters, we would be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Williams + Lenguny it. C. Certified Public Accountants

Le Mars, Iowa December 13, 2010

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditors' Results

- (a) A qualified opinion was issued on the financial statements.
- (b) A significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements, including a material weakness.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the financial statements.

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported.

There were no prior year audit findings.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES:

II-A-10 Financial Reporting

<u>Observation</u> – During the audit, we identified material amounts of receivables, payables and capital asset additions not recorded in the City's financial statements. Adjustments were subsequently made by the City to properly include these amounts in the financial statements.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The City should implement procedures to ensure all receivables, payables and capital asset additions are identified and included in the City's financial statements.

Response – We will double check these in the future to avoid missing any receivables, payables or capital asset transactions.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

Part III: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting

III-A-10 - <u>Certified Budget</u> – City expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2010, exceeded amounts budgeted in the public works, capital project, and debt service functions.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 384.18 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.

Response – The budget will be amended in the future, if applicable.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

III-B-10 - <u>Travel Expense</u> - No expenditures of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.

CITY OF ORANGE CITY, IOWA Schedule of Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Part III: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting - (Continued)

- III-C-10 Bond Coverage Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. However, we recommend that the amount of coverage be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- III-D-10 <u>Council Minutes</u> We noted no transactions requiring approval which had not been approved by the Council.
- III-E-10 Questionable Expenditures We noted no questionable expenditures during our audit.
- III-F-10 Revenue Bonds No violations of revenue bond resolutions were noted.
- III-G-10 <u>Business Transactions</u> Business transactions between the City and city officials are detailed as follows:

	Transaction/		
Name, Title and Business Connection	Description	Ar	nount
Teresa Jasper, part-time employee of the City Owner of Country Colors	Retailer	\$	10,716
Bruce Muilenburg, City Council Member Owner of De Koffiehoek & Bristro	Retailer	\$	924

The transaction with Bruce Muilenburg does not represent a conflict of interest. The transaction with Teresa Jasper may represent a conflict of interest due to the amount of the transactions. The City should consult legal council for determination.

III-H-10 <u>Cash and Investments</u> - We noted no instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy.